# PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION REPORT OF AUDIT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission 1525 Main Avenue Clifton, New Jersey 07011

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Passaic Valley Water Commission (the "Commission"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Passaic Valley Water Commission as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Passaic Valley Water Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission Page 2.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Passaic Valley Water Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission Page 3.

 Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the reporting provisions prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey require that the information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the



Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission Page 4.

basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the letter of comments and recommendations section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2024 on our consideration of the Passaic Valley Water Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Passaic Valley Water Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WIELKOTZ & COMPANY, LLC

Wielkotz + Company, XXC

Certified Public Accountants Pompton Lakes, New Jersey

January 18, 2024







As management of the Passaic Valley Water Commission, we offer the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Commission's financial performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Please read this analysis in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The Commission's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$140,417,747(net position) for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$126,268,823.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$186,414,603 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt and unexpended funds related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
  - (2) Restricted net position of \$34,710,749 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the Commission such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations.
  - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$(80,707,605) represent the portion available to maintain the Commission's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total liabilities of the Commission decreased by \$35,419,003 to \$220,391,281 during the fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report includes this management discussion, the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements of the Commission. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

#### Required Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Commission report information of the Commission using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the Commission's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets), the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future period (deferred outflows of resources), the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period (deferred inflows of resources) and the obligations to Commission creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the Commission and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Commission.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses* and *Changes in Net Position*. This statement measures the results of the Commission's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Commission has recovered all its costs through user fees and other charges, operational stability and credit worthiness.

The final required financial statement is the *Statement of Cash Flows*. This statement reports cash receipts and cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as what operational sources provided cash, what was the cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information. This supplementary information follows the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Commission**

One of the most important questions asked about the Commission's finances is "Is the Commission as a whole better able to fulfill its mission as a result of this years activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the Commission's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report net position of the Commission and the changes in net position. The reader can think of the Commission's net position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Commission's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider the non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, development, and new or changed government regulation.

#### **Net Position**

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net assets may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the Commission as a whole.

The Commission's net position at fiscal year-end was \$140,417,747. This is a \$14,148,924 increase over last year's net position of \$126,268,823. A summary of the Commission's statement of net position is presented in the following table:

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	FY 2022	FY 2021	Dollar <u>Change</u>	Percent Change
Current Assets Capital Assets	117,357,265 247,987,650	84,512,788 234,226,875	32,844,477 13,760,775	38.86% 5.88%
Total Assets	365,344,915	318,739,663	46,605,252	14.62%
Deferred Outflow of				
Resources	25,091,797	25,903,144	(811,347)	(3.13)%
Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	28,476,706 191,914,575 220,391,281	26,000,205 158,971,715 184,971,920	2,476,501 <u>32,942,860</u> <u>35,419,361</u>	9.52% 20.72% 19.15%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	29,627,684	33,401,706	(3,774,022)	(11.30)%
Net Investment in Capital				
Assets	186,414,603	165,252,303	21,162,300	12.81%
Restricted Unrestricted	34,710,749 (80,707,605)	34,966,075 (73,949,555)	(255,326) (6,758,050)	(0.73)% 9.14%
Total Net Position	140,417,747	126,268,823	14,148,924	11.21%

#### **Net Position (Continued)**

A summary of the Commission's prior year statement of net position is presented with comparative FY 2020 balances in the following table.

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	FY 2021	FY 2020	Dollar <u>Change</u>	Percent Change
Current Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	84,512,788 <u>234,226,875</u> <u>318,739,663</u>	95,009,108 <u>223,663,719</u> <u>318,672,827</u>	(10,496,320) 10,563,156 66,836	(11.05)% 4.72% 0.02%
Deferred Outflow of Resources	25,903,144	33,450,888	(7,547,744)	(22.56)%
Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	26,000,205 158,971,715 184,971,920	31,726,966 <u>175,162,078</u> <u>206,889,044</u>	(5,726,761) (16,190,363) (21,917,124)	(18.05)% (9.24)% (10.59)%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	33,401,706	35,362,613	(1,960,907)	(5.55)%
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	165,252,303 34,966,075 (73,949,555)	142,650,247 34,051,880 (66,830,069)	22,602,056 914,195 (7,119,486)	15.84% 2.68% 10.65%
Total Net Position	126,268,823	109,872,058	16,396,765	14.92%

#### **Net Position (Continued)**

While the *Statement of Net Position* shows the change in financial position of net assets, the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes. As can be seen in the following table, net position increased by \$14,148,924 and \$16,396,765 during the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years, respectively.

### Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses And Changes in Net Position

	FY 2022	<u>FY 2021</u>	Dollar <u>Change</u>	Percent Change
Operating Revenues Non-operating Revenues Total Revenue	103,633,630 921,258 104,554,888	101,521,328 <u>555,330</u> 102,076,658	2,112,302 <u>365,928</u> <u>2,478,230</u>	2.08% 65.89% 2.43%
Depreciation Other Operating Expenses Other Non-operating Expense Total Expenses	11,660,873 73,862,898 4,882,193 90,405,964	12,276,670 62,315,764 11,087,459 85,679,893	(615,797) 11,547,134 (6,205,266) 4,726,071	(5.02)% 18.53% (55.97)% 5.52%
Change in Net Position	14,148,924	16,396,765	(2,247,841)	(13.71)%
Beginning Balance	126,268,823	109,872,058	16,396,765	14.92%
Ending Balance	140,417,747	126,268,823	14,148,924	11.21%

#### **Net Position (Continued)**

A summary of the Commission's prior year statement of revenues, expenses and change in net assets is presented with comparative FY 2020 figures in the following table.

### Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses And Changes in Net Position

	FY 2021	<u>FY 2020</u>	Dollar <u>Change</u>	Percent Change
Operating Revenues Non-operating Revenues Total Revenues	$   \begin{array}{r}     101,521,328 \\     \underline{555,330} \\     102,076,658   \end{array} $	98,520,700 3,329,362 101,850,062	3,000,628 (2,774,032) 226,596	3.05% (83.32)% 0.22%
Depreciation Other Operating Expenses Other Non-operating Expense Total Expenses	12,276,670 62,315,764 11,087,459 85,679,893	12,936,194 66,267,833 8,505,737 87,709,764	(659,524) (3,952,069) 2,581,722 (2,029,871)	(5.10)% (5.96)% 30.35% (2.31)%
Change in Net Position	16,396,765	14,140,298	2,256,467	15.96%
Beginning Balance	109,872,058	95,731,760	14,140,298	14.77%
Ending Balance	126,268,823	109,872,058	16,396,765	14.92%

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The State of New Jersey requires local authorities to prepare and adopt annual budgets in accordance with the Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law and regulations adopted by the Local Finance Board pursuant to this statute and codified as N.J.A.C. 5:31-1 et seq. The statutory budget was designed to demonstrate to the Bureau of Commission Regulation of the Division of Local Government Services that the cash flows of the Commission for the coming year will be sufficient to cover operating expenses, interest accruing on bonded indebtedness and cash payments of maturing bond and loan principal.

The following tables provides a FY 2022 and FY 2021 budget comparison:

### Budget vs. Actual FY 2022

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues:			
Operating	104,874,924	103,894,327	(980,597)
Non-Operating	750,000	527,832	(222,168)
	105,624,924	104,422,159	(1,202,765)
Expenses:			
Operating	79,710,310	77,657,060	2,053,250
Non-Operating	16,495,243	12,636,245	3,858,998
	96,205,553	90,293,305	5,912,248
Income before Depreciation	<u>9,419,371</u>	14,128,854	4,709,483

#### **Budgetary Highlights (Continued)**

### Budget vs. Actual FY 2021

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance
Revenues:			
Operating	101,178,117	101,521,328	343,211
Non-Operating	250,000	555,330	305,330
	101,428,117	102,076,658	<u>648,541</u>
Expenses:			
Operating	73,734,521	66,664,116	7,070,405
Non-Operating	18,125,150	16,662,359	1,462,791
	91,859,671	83,326,475	8,533,196
Income before Depreciation	<u>9,568,446</u>	18,750,183	<u>9,181,737</u>

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

During fiscal year 2022, the Commission had an increase of \$25,151,142 in capital assets. The Commission's net property, plant and equipment at fiscal year end was \$247,987,650. This is a \$13,760,775 increase over last year's net property, plant and equipment of \$234,226,875. A summary of the Commission's capital assets is presented in the following table:

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	Dollar <u>Change</u>
Land Infrastructure and Improvements Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment	33,260,191 416,204,647 15,526,969 464,991,807	33,260,191 391,906,752 14,673,722 439,840,665	0 24,297,895 <u>853,247</u> 25,151,142
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(217,004,157)	(205,613,790)	(11,390,367)
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	247,987,650	234,226,875	13,760,775

#### **Capital Assets (Continued)**

The Commission's on going capital plan is reviewed each year by the Commission's engineer. Notable future capital improvements are listed below.

Recurring Construction, Vehicles & Equipment	73,224,858
Discrete Projects	56,779,468
Production and Pumping	75,369,000
Distribution	358,125,000
Plant and General Structures	129,988,910
Instrumentation, Controls and Information Technologies	25,088,573

718,575,809

#### **Debt Administration**

At December 31, 2022, the Commission had outstanding New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Fund bonds and revenue refunding bonds in the amount of \$64,768,135. The debt service schedule goes out to 2046. Full details of the specific bond issues outstanding are found in Note 6 to the financial statements and the supplementary schedules.

#### **Economic Factors, Future Years' Budgets and Rates**

The Commissioners and management of the Commission consider many factors when preparing each year's budget and annual charges. Two of the main factors are growth in the Commission's system and new regulations issued by the State and Federal governments. Recently, national delays in supply chains and inflationary factors have begun to affect the Commission's cost of providing services. The Commission is therefore anticipating an increase in the cost of providing services in the next fiscal year due to recent increases in energy, fuel, material and other chemical costs.

#### **Contacting the Commission**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate the Commission's accountability for the fees it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Passaic Valley Water Commission, 1525 Main Avenue, Clifton, NJ 07011.



#### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31,

	2022	2021
<u>ASSETS</u>		_
Current Assets:		
<u>Unrestricted:</u>		
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$ 7,415,600	\$ 9,852,340
Investments	640,000	970,352
Accounts Receivable, net	29,752,183	29,063,476
Inventory	3,094,444	2,789,957
Other Receivables	10,010	6,476
Prepaid Expenses	 148,386	 123,632
Total Unrestricted Assets	 41,060,623	 42,806,233
Restricted:		
Construction Account:		
Due From NJEIT	41,403,346	6,590,534
Bond Service Fund:		
Cash and Cash equivalents	493,100	538,427
Bond Reserve Account:		
Cash and Cash equivalents	1,276,063	13,347,106
Investments	15,320,034	3,481,490
Renewal and Extension Account:		
Cash and Cash equivalents	1,994,100	4,000,000
Investments	2,005,900	-
Operations Account:		
Cash and Cash equivalents	10,419,628	12,734,706
Investments	2,907,500	580,294
Unemployment Compensation Insurance:		
Cash and Cash equivalents	94,219	291,198
Investments	 382,752	 142,800
Total Restricted Assets	 76,296,642	 41,706,555
Non-Current Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Land	33,260,191	33,260,191
Infrastructure and Improvements	416,204,647	391,906,752
Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment	15,526,969	14,673,722
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (217,004,157)	(205,613,790)
Total Capital Assets	 247,987,650	 234,226,875
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 365,344,915	\$ 318,739,663

#### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31,

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		2022		2021
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				_
<b>Deferred Outflows:</b>				
Water Bank - Deferred Expense		4,340,821		4,610,572
Unamortized Costs in Excess of Refunded Debt,				
Net of Amortization		2,134,460		2,527,786
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		11,552,242		11,647,911
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		7,064,274		7,116,875
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		25,091,797		25,903,144
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current Liabilities:				
Payable from Unrestricted Assets:	Ф	20.212.002	Ф	12 272 006
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	20,212,882	\$	13,272,996
Accounts Payable - Pension Related		2,984,939	-	2,805,102
Total Payable from Unrestricted Assets		23,197,821		16,078,098
Payable from Restricted Assets:				
Accrued Interest Payable		182,547		149,946
Notes Payable - Current Portion		29,073		-
Bonds Payable - Current Portion		4,985,147		9,700,205
Leases Payable - Current Portion		82,118		72,314
Total Payabled from Restricted Assets		5,278,885		9,922,465
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Notes Payable - Long-Term Portion		37,233,644		-
Bonds Payable - Long-Term Portion		59,782,988		64,768,135
Leases Payable - Long-Term Portion		313,126		341,427
Net OPEB Obligation		61,482,072		67,933,013
Net Pension Obligation		33,102,745		25,929,140
Total Non-Current Liabilities		191,914,575		158,971,715
TOTAL LIABILITIES		220,391,281		184,972,278

#### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31,

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	 2022	 2021
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	 	 
Deferred Inflows:		
Due To Water Bank	4,340,821	4,610,572
Unamortized Savings from Refunded Debt,		
Net of Amortization	218,767	435,554
Unamortized Bond Premium, Net of Amortization	2,465,990	2,775,257
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	16,327,207	8,105,219
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	 6,274,899	 17,475,104
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 29,627,684	 33,401,706
NET POSITION:  Net Investment in Capital Assets	186,414,603	165,252,303
Restricted:	, ,	, - ,
Current Debt Service	310,553	388,481
Future Debt Service	16,596,097	16,828,596
Renewal and Extension	4,000,000	4,000,000
Operations	13,327,128	13,315,000
Unemployment Compensation Insurance	476,971	433,998
Unrestricted:		
Designated	608,084	608,084
Undesignated	 (81,315,689)	 (74,557,639)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 140,417,747	\$ 126,268,823

# PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DECEMBER 31,

	2022		2021	
Operating Revenue:				
Service Agreements	\$	94,470,122	\$	92,778,563
Miscellaneous		9,138,329		8,736,835
Sale of Scrap		25,179	_	5,930
Total Operating Revenue		103,633,630	_	101,521,328
Operating Expenses:				
Cost of Providing Services		56,874,114		50,292,003
Administrative and General		16,988,784		12,023,761
Depreciation Expense		11,660,873	_	12,276,670
Total Operating Expenses		85,523,771		74,592,434
Operating Income		18,109,859	_	26,928,894
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses):				
Interest on Investments		527,832		555,330
Finance Charges		260,697		-
Interest Expense		(2,862,322)		(3,105,319)
Loss on Disposal of Asset		(153,155)		(289,763)
Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation		(1,866,716)		(3,591,617)
Amortization Expense		132,729		(345,549)
Emergency Protective Measures: Boil Advisory		-		(3,755,211)
Non Operating Income (Loss)		(2.060.025)		(10.522.120)
Non-Operating Income (Loss)		(3,960,935)	_	(10,532,129)
Change In Net Position		14,148,924		16,396,765
Net Position - January 1		126,268,823		109,872,058
Net Position - December 31	\$	140,417,747	\$_	126,268,823

#### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2022		2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$	102,941,389	\$	100,447,004
Cash Paid to Vendors and Employees		(71,046,415)		(72,941,006)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		31,894,974		27,505,998
Cash Flow from Investing Activities:				
Interest Received		788,529		555,330
(Increase) Decrease in Investments		(16,081,250)		7,191,799
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Investing Activities		(15,292,721)		7,747,129
Cash Flow from Financing Activities:				
Principal Payment on Bonds and Notes		(9,700,205)		(13,654,324)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes		(2,829,721)		(3,182,911)
Proceeds from Issuance of Notes		29,073		=
Capital Expenditures		(25,574,803)		(23,129,589)
NJEIT Receipts		2,420,832		1,505,962
Lease Payments		(18,496)		(73,718)
Bond Premium Received				(162,369)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		(35,673,320)		(38,696,949)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(19,071,067)		(3,443,822)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		40,763,777		44,207,599
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	21,692,710	\$	40,763,777
Analysis of Balance:	Φ.	7.415.600	Ф	0.050.040
Unrestricted	\$	7,415,600	\$	9,852,340
Restricted		14,277,110		30,911,437
	\$	21,692,710	\$	40,763,777

#### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2022		 2021	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	18,109,859	\$ 26,928,894	
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense		11,660,873	12,276,670	
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		(688,707)	(1,077,848)	
Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivable		(3,534)	3,524	
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory		(304,487)	(492,067)	
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		(24,754)	(78,872)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		3,145,724	 (10,054,303)	
Total Adjustments		13,785,115	 577,104	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	31,894,974	\$ 27,505,998	



#### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### NOTE 1. GENERAL

The Passaic Valley Water Commission (the "Commission") was created and operates pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 195 of the Pamphlet Laws of 1923 of the State of New Jersey, as amended (N.J.S.A. 40:62-108 to 40:62-150, inclusive). The Commission was appointed by a Supreme Court Justice in 1927 pursuant to an application filed by the cities of Paterson, Passaic and Clifton in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40:62-109. Upon appointment, the Commission organized and commenced negotiations for the purchase of the waterworks facilities of the Passaic Consolidated Water Company together with all its rights and franchises. An agreement could not be reached for the purchase of the waterworks facilities. The Commission then instituted proceedings for the condemnation of the facilities. A court appointed commissioner examined and appraised the land, facilities and other property of the Passaic Consolidated Water Company. Finally, in 1930, the Commission acquired on behalf of the Owner Municipalities by condemnation and purchase, the pumping station, treatment facilities, distribution system reservoirs and real property of the Passaic Consolidated Water Company.

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 40:62-116, the waterworks facilities acquired by the Commission are owned jointly by the Owner Cities. Ownership interests were allocated among the Owner Cities by application of the formula established in N.J.S.A. 40:62-121 for the appointment of liability, as among the Owner Cities, for the indebtedness issued on behalf of the Commission. Under that formula, an Owner City was liable for the payment of the principal and interest on such indebtedness in the proportion that the assessed value of taxation of all real estate in such municipality for the year 1929 bears to the total assessed value for taxation of all real estate in all the municipalities in the year 1929. Thus, the City of Paterson was assigned a 57% interest, the City of Passaic a 29% interest, and the City of Clifton a 14% interest.

#### **Water Supply Sources**

The Commission utilizes two principal water supply sources to meet the demands placed upon its System. The Commission obtains water from the Passaic River system in accordance with legal rights granted to the Commission by the State of New Jersey, Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP"), under a permitting process established by statute and implemented by the rules and the regulations of the DEP and water from Wanaque North in the exercise of the rights of the Owner Cities under their agreements with the NJDWSC and the Commission.

#### NOTE 1. GENERAL, (continued)

Under the terms of Water Diversion Allocation Permit No. 5099 (the "Permit") issued to the Commission by the Division of Water Resources of the DEP, the Commission may divert up to 2.325 million gallons of water per month (MGW from the Pompton and Passaic Rivers at the Two Bridges Intake, or from the Passaic River at the Little Falls Intake (at the Commission's filtration plant in Totowa), or jointly from both intakes, at the maximum rate of 75 million gallons per day (MGD). No minimum passing flow requirements have been imposed on the Commission's Little Falls Intake. Such requirements have been placed on the diversion allocation permits granted to the Hackensack Water Company (45090) and to NJDWSC (#5094) for their use of water from the Two Bridges site for the Wanaque South Reservoir Project to assure a minimum flow sufficient to preserve the Commission's rights. The Two Bridges Intake has been connected to the Commission's Little Falls Filtration Plant in Totowa, New Jersey, where river water is treated and purified.

In addition to the Permit, the Commission, as Agent for the Owner Cities under the Wanaque Agency Agreements, has an entitlement of 37.75% of the Wanaque North Reservoir operated by NJDWSC. These rights are equivalent to a supply of 35.48 MGD, based on the 1960's drought safe yield on 94 MGD for Wanaque North. Under the Wanaque Agency Agreement, the Commission is responsible for the payment of the Owner Cities' aggregate share (37.75%) of the operating and debt service expenses of NJDWSC attributable to the Wanaque North System. The Commission is also subject to a penalty provision in the event of a monthly overdraft from the Wanaque North, which has occurred from time to time.

#### **Water Purification and Treatment Facilities**

The Little Falls Filtration Plant was constructed by the East Jersey Water Company and first placed in service in 1903. At the time, the filtration plant was the first large-sized gravity rapid sand filter system in the United States. The adjacent Pump Station was completed in 1899 with a rated capacity of 75 MGD. The treatment plant and pumping station are located on the Passaic River in Totowa.

The Commission has significantly modernized the Little Falls Filtration Plant and Pumping Station. To enhance these facilities, the Commission has undertaken major capital improvements, including programs implemented from 1962-1966, in 1975 and from 1985-1987. Extensive facilities designed to process residuals generated from the water treatment phase were added in 1975.

#### NOTE 1. GENERAL, (continued)

Passaic Valley Water Commission completed it's most recent major plant upgrade in 2004. The upgrade enhanced plant performance and expanded plant capacity using advanced treatment processes that meet quality goals for microbials and disinfection byproducts. The existing conventional clarification processes were replaced by a ballasted flocculation process that provides a high degree of treatment at higher loading rates for varying water qualities. In addition to being more robust, the new process system has a very compact facility layout which resulted in the achievement of significant construction cost savings. The second phase of the plant upgrade project, which included installation of ozonation for disinfection which, in conjunction with the upgrade of the existing filters, significantly improved the quality of water produced while enhancing the ability to control the formation of disinfection byproducts to meet future regulatory requirements. This upgrade also expanded treatment capacity to 120 MGD with a delivered water capacity of 110 MGD. The delivered water capacity of the main pumping station remained 160 MGD.

The entire water treatment and purification process at the Little Falls Filtration Plant is controlled and monitored so that the water delivered will comply with all applicable safe water standards. In addition, the Commission adheres to a rigorous sampling and testing protocol at its Little Falls laboratory facilities. The water produced at each stage of the treatment and purification process is monitored continuously for various characteristics to provide assurance of water quality. This surveillance program also extends to regular sampling and testing of water in the Passaic River, the tributary streams that flow into the river, the Commission's reservoirs, the Wanaque North water supplied by NJDWSC and the distribution system. As a result, the Commission has only been required on two occasions since 1981 to notify its customers of minor violations of water standards established by Federal or state law. The Commission promptly corrected the conditions which give rise to such violation.

The water which the Commission receives from the Wanaque North system is treated by the NJDWSC at its filtration works.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Passaic Valley Water Commission have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to enterprise funds of state and local governmental units. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, accountability or other purposes. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant of the Commission's accounting policies are described below.

On January 1, 2012, the Commission adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which amends the net asset reporting requirement of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows from resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The classifications of net position are defined as follows:

• Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, deferred outflows of resources and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, deferred inflows of resources, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are any significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### A. Basis of Presentation, (continued)

- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position used through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt convents), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted* This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### B. Basis of Accounting

The Passaic Valley Water Commission prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

#### C. Grants

Grants receivable, if any, represent the total grant awards less amounts collected to date. Grants, if any, not internally restricted and utilized to finance operations are identified as non-operating revenue. Grants externally restricted for non-operating purposes are recorded as contributed capital and identified as grants-in-aid.

#### D. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market. Inventories consist primarily of chemicals, pipes, fittings, meters, valves and various other plumbing materials and supplies.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### E. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost which includes direct construction costs and other expenditures related to construction. Land is stated at approximate fair market value as of the date it was donated to the Commission.

System construction costs are charged to construction in progress until such time as given segments of the system are completed and placed into operation.

Depreciation is determined on a straight-line basis for all plant and equipment. Depreciation is provided over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and Improvements	20-50 Years
Water Mains and Interceptors	50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	10-20 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 Years
Vehicles	5-10 Years

Depreciation on assets acquired with grants-in-aid and contributed capital assets is recorded as a reduction of contributed capital.

	Balance	Net		Balance
	Dec.31, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Dec.31, 2022
Land	\$33,260,191	\$	\$	\$33,260,191
	. , ,	*	Ф	. , ,
Infrastructure & Improvements	391,906,752	24,297,895		416,204,647
Machinery, Vehicles & Equipment	14,673,722	1,276,908	423,661	15,526,969
	439,840,665	25,574,803	423,661	464,991,807
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(205,613,790)	(11,660,873)	(270,506)	(217,004,157)
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	<u>\$234,226,875</u>	\$13,913,930	<u>\$153,155</u>	<u>\$247,987,650</u>

#### NOTE 2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, (continued)

#### E. Property, Plant and Equipment, (continued)

	Balance	Net		Balance
	Dec.31, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Dec.31, 2021
T 1	#22.260.101	Ф	r.	#22.260.101
Land	\$33,260,191	\$	\$	\$33,260,191
Infrastructure & Improvements	371,959,020	19,947,732		391,906,752
Machinery, Vehicles & Equipment	12,166,531	3,181,857	674,666	14,673,722
	417,385,742	23,129,589	674,666	439,840,665
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(193,722,023)	(12,276,670)	(384,903)	(205,613,790)
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	<u>\$223,663,719</u>	<u>\$10,852,919</u>	<u>\$289,763</u>	\$234,226,875

#### F. Restricted Accounts

In accordance with the bond resolution as amended and supplemented, the Commission has established the following cash and investment accounts for the deposit, in the priority of the order shown as follows, of all revenue received by the Commission:

#### Construction Account

Proceeds of all new money bond issues for capital improvement and expansion programs for the enhancement and extension of the Commission's water supply system.

#### **Bond Reserve Account**

An amount equal to the greatest bond service requirement of any future fiscal year for any bond not covered by bond service insurance.

#### Bond Renewal and Extension Account

An amount reasonably necessary, with respect to the facilities, for major repairs, renewals and replacements or maintenance not recurring annually.

#### NOTE 2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, (continued)

#### F. Restricted Accounts, (continued)

#### Operating Reserve Account

An amount to provide a reserve for Operating Fund requirements.

#### **Bond Service Account**

An amount equal to unpaid interest and principal during the following fiscal year.

In addition to the accounts required by the 1992 bond resolution, the Commission has established the following additional operational investment accounts:

#### Contingency and Self-Insurance Reserve Fund

Amounts set aside to provide funds for contingencies concerning the self-insurance requirements of the Commission.

#### Meter Deposits Reserve Fund

Amounts set aside representing meter deposits collected from customers.

In addition to the above, the Commission has also established the following restricted accounts:

#### **Unemployment Compensation Insurance Account**

Employee and employer contributions are transferred to this account for payment of unemployment compensation claims paid by the State Department of Labor and billed to the Commission.

#### G. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after total assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after total liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### G. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources, (continued)

Transactions are classified as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources only when specifically prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards. The Commission is required to report the following as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources:

<u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> - The difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the Commission's proportion of expenses and liabilities to the pension as a whole, differences between the Commission's pension contribution and its proportionate share of contributions, and the Commission's pension contributions subsequent to the pension valuation measurement date.

<u>Deferred Loss on Refunding of Bonds</u> - Deferred loss on refunding arising from the issuance of revenue refunding bonds, is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources. The deferred loss is amortized in a systematic and rational method as a component of interest expense.

<u>Bond Discounts/Bond Premiums</u> - Bond discounts/bond premiums arising from the issuance of long-term debt (bonds) are amortized over the life of the bonds, in a systematic and rational method, from the issue date to maturity as a component of interest expense.

#### H. Operating Fund Budget

The budget amounts included in the statement of budget revenues and statement of budget expenditures were approved in accordance with the requirements of the "Local Finance Board" of the State of New Jersey, and were adopted by the Commissioners after legal advertisement and public hearing.

#### I. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts

#### NOTE 2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, (continued)

#### I. Use of Estimates, (continued)

of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Commission uses estimates in determining the allowance for uncollectible receivables due to/from water bank and the useful life of depreciable assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### J. Sick and Vacation Leave

Commission employees are granted carrying amounts of sick leave in accordance with the Commission's personnel policy and union agreements.

#### **K.** Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of reserves. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Commission or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### L. Income Taxes

The Commission is exempt by law from federal and state income taxes and, therefore, no provision or liability for income taxes has been included in these financial statements.

#### M. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Commission has adopted the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries. GASB No. 42, long-lived assets, or asset groups and certain identifiable intangible assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Determination of recoverability is based on an estimate of undiscounted cash flows resulting from the use of the asset, or asset

## NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

## M. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets, (continued)

groups and its eventual disposition. Measurement of an impairment loss for long-lived assets, or asset groups, and certain identifiable intangible assets that management expects to hold and use is based on the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets, or asset groups and certain identifiable intangible assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

#### N. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year: Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations; Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities; Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements; Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period; Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests; Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations: Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020; Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates; Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting); Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2018; Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2019; Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities. The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months: Statement No. 87, Leases: Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases. The requirements of this Statement are effective immediately.

## NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### N. Recent Accounting Pronouncements, (continued)

In May 2020, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 96</u>, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The Commission is still determining the effects, if any, this statement will have on future financial statements.

In June 2020, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement that (1) exempt primary governments that perform the duties that a governing board typically performs from treating the absence of a governing board the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board in determining whether they are financially accountable for defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB

## NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### N. Recent Accounting Pronouncements, (continued)

plans, or other employee benefit plans and (2) limit the applicability of the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement 84 to defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement 67 or paragraph 3 of Statement 74, respectively, are effective immediately. The requirements of this Statement that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. For purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, the requirements of this Statement that provide that for all other arrangements, the absence of a governing board be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application of those requirements is encouraged and permitted by requirement as specified within this Statement. The Board considered the effective dates for the requirements of this Statement in light of the COVID-19 pandemic and in concert with Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The Commission is currently reviewing what effect, if any, this Statement might have on future financial statements.

In October 2021, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 98</u>, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new tern and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021, though earlier application is encouraged. The Commission has reviewed this Statement and does not believe it will impact future financial reporting.

In April 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 99</u>, Omnibus 2022. The Objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The practice issues addressed by this Statement are as follows:

## NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

## N. Recent Accounting Pronouncements, (continued)

- Classification and reporting or derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, that do not meet the definition of either an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, related to (a) the determination of the public-private and public-public partnership (PPP) term and (b) recognition and measurement of installment payments and the transfer of the underlying PPP asset.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, related to the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, classification of a SBITA as a short-term SBITA, and recognition and measurement of a subscription liability.
- Extension of the period during which the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt.
- Accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).
- Disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions
- Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government

## NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

### N. Recent Accounting Pronouncements, (continued)

- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statementsand Management's Discussion Analysis-for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements.
- Terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.
- Terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements.

The requirements of this Statement that are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmentary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.
- The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The Commission is determining the effects, if any, this statement will have on future financial statements.

In June 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 100</u>, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*. This Statement defines *accounting changes* as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Commission is determining what effects, if any, this pronouncement will have on future financial statements.

## NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### N. Recent Accounting Pronouncements, (continued)

In June 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 101</u>, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Commission is determining what effects, if any, this pronouncement will have on future financial statements.

In December 2023, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 102</u>, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Commission is determining what effects, if any, this pronouncement will have on future financial statements.

### NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. establishes that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

## NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, (continued)

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, The Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

As of December 31, 2022, the Commission's cash and cash equivalents are summarized as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Unrestricted	\$7,415,600	\$9,852,340
Restricted	14,277,110	30,911,437
	<u>\$21,692,710</u>	\$40,763,777

The carrying amount of the Commission's cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2022 was \$21,692,710 and the bank balance was \$22,699,620. This entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance and the collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey Statutes.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposit may not be returned to it. The Commission's policy is based on New Jersey statutes requiring cash be deposited only in New Jersey based on banking institutions that participate in New Jersey Governmental Depository Protection Act (GUDPA) or in a qualified investment established in New Jersey Statutes 40A:5-15.1(a) that are treated as cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2022, \$-0- of the Commission's bank balance of \$22,699,620 was exposed to custodial risk.

#### NOTE 4. INVESTMENTS

The Commission invests the Funds (i) with any New Jersey banking institution covered by GUDPA and (ii) in short-term obligations of New Jersey government agencies and entities outlined in Local Finance Board 2017-24 which have (A) a final maturity date that is not longer than 12 months from the date of purchase in the case of any funds that are subject to the General Bonds Resolution and 397 days of otherwise (but if longer than 12 months, the maturity shall approximate the prospective uses of the funds

## NOTE 4. INVESTMENTS, (continued)

invested) and (B) a minimum issuer investment grade rating of "A3" or "A-" (or equivalent) by Moody's, Standard and Poor's, or Fitch or a recent bond issue so rated. A rating of the bonds or notes is not required. The phrase "short-term obligations" includes bonds which have a maturity or redemption date of no longer than 12 months from the date of purchase. the Commission jointly purchases such investment with any municipality, county or authority that is authorized to make such investments.

The Passaic Valley Water Commission had the following investments valued at cost, which approximates fair value, at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively:

	Carrying	Face	Investment	Maturities (in ye	ears)
Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>&lt;1</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>&gt;5</u>
2022 Government and Other					
Bonds	<u>\$21,256,186</u>	\$21,256,186	\$21,256,186		
	21,256,186	21,256,186	21,256,186		
2021 Government and Other Bonds	<u>\$5,174,936</u>	<u>\$5,174,936</u>	<u>\$5,174,936</u>		
	5,174,936	5,174,936	5,174,936		

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Commission has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, New Jersey Statutes 40A:5-15.1(a) limits the length of time for most investments to 397 days.

#### **Credit Risk**

New Jersey Statutes 40A:5-15.1(a) limits municipal investment maturities to those specified in the Statutes. The type of allowance investments are Bonds of the United States of America or the local unit or school districts of which the local unit is part of: obligations of federal agencies not exceeding 397 days; government money market mutual funds; the State of New Jersey Cash Management Plan; local government investment pools; municipal notes; or repurchase of fully collateralized securities.

## NOTE 5. NEW JERSEY ENVIRONMENTAL INFRASTRUCTURE TRUST

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Commission places a \$10,000,000 limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

The Commission issued bonds in 2022 and 2017 through the Trust to finance various construction and improvement projects. The proceeds of the Bonds are held by the Trust until the Commission expends funds on the project. The Commission then submits for reimbursement these expenditures from the Trust. The following is the remaining amount of funds to be received from the Trust:

			Less:	
	Balance		Amounts	Balance
	Dec.31, 2021	<u>Issued</u>	Received	Dec.31, 2022
Project No. 1605002-25A	\$715,018	\$	\$715,018	\$0
Project No. 1605002-25B	4,311,878	Ψ	345,561	3,966,317
Project No. 1605002-25B	.,011,070		0.0,001	2,5 00,5 17
(Prin. Forgiveness)	1,563,638		125,312	1,438,326
Project No. 1605002-002	, ,	37,233,644	1,234,941	35,998,703
3	\$6,590,534	\$37,233,644	\$2,420,832	\$41,403,346
		<del></del> -		
			Less:	
	Balance		Amounts	Balance
	Dec.31, 2020	<u>Issued</u>	Received	Dec.31, 2021
Project No. 1605002-25A	\$715,018	\$	\$	\$715,018
Project No. 1605002-25B	5,417,061	Ψ	1,105,183	4,311,878
Project No. 1605002-25B	-,,		-,0,100	-,- 11,070
(Prin. Forgiveness)	1,964,416		400,778	1,563,638
(	\$8,096,495	<u>\$0</u>	\$1,505,961	\$6,590,534

These funds shall be disbursed to the Commission under the terms of its loan agreements with the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Commission has issued and has outstanding the following bonds as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure	<u>2021</u>	<u>Issued</u>	Paid/ <u>Refunded</u>	<u>2022</u>
Trust Bonds	\$157,526		\$157,526	\$0
Series 2003 Refunding Bonds	4,175,000		4,175,000	0
Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure	,,,,,,,,,		.,.,.,	-
Trust Bonds	650,756		189,143	461,613
Series 2009B Revenue Bonds	12,185,000		-	12,185,000
Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure				
Trust Bonds	1,569,779		204,723	1,365,056
Series 2014 Revenue Bonds	14,700,000		955,000	13,745,000
Series 2015 Refunding Bonds	4,800,000		1,175,000	3,625,000
Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure				
Trust Bonds	21,470,279		858,813	20,611,466
Series 2017A Refunding Bonds	1,475,000		470,000	1,005,000
Series 2017B Refunding Bonds	13,285,000		1,515,000	11,770,000
Net Carrying Amount of Debt	<u>\$74,468,340</u>	\$0	\$9,700,205	\$64,768,135
Current Portion	9,700,205			4,985,147
Long-Term Portion	64,768,135			59,782,988
	\$74,468,340			\$64,768,135
Series 2001A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure	<u>2020</u>	<u>Issued</u>	Paid/ <u>Refunded</u>	<u>2021</u>
Trust Bonds	<u>2020</u> \$4,132,987	<u>Issued</u> \$		<u>2021</u> \$0
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure	\$4,132,987	<u></u> -	<u>Refunded</u> \$4,132,987	\$0
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904	\$0 157,526
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds	\$4,132,987	<u></u> -	<u>Refunded</u> \$4,132,987	\$0
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904 3,975,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure	\$4,132,987 307,430	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904 3,975,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904 3,975,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904 3,975,000 263,899	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904 3,975,000 263,899 318,723	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987 149,904 3,975,000 263,899 318,723 910,000 1,110,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000 22,329,090	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987  149,904 3,975,000  263,899  318,723 910,000 1,110,000  858,811	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000 21,470,279
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2017A Refunding Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000 22,329,090 1,925,000	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987  149,904 3,975,000  263,899  318,723 910,000 1,110,000  858,811 450,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000 21,470,279 1,475,000
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000 22,329,090	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987  149,904 3,975,000  263,899  318,723 910,000 1,110,000  858,811	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000 21,470,279
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2017A Refunding Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000 22,329,090 1,925,000	<u></u> -	Refunded \$4,132,987  149,904 3,975,000  263,899  318,723 910,000 1,110,000  858,811 450,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000 21,470,279 1,475,000
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2017 Refunding Bonds Series 2017A Refunding Bonds Series 2017B Refunding Bonds	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000 22,329,090 1,925,000 14,770,000	\$	Refunded \$4,132,987  149,904 3,975,000  263,899  318,723 910,000 1,110,000  858,811 450,000 1,485,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000 21,470,279 1,475,000 13,285,000
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2017A Refunding Bonds Series 2017B Refunding Bonds Series 2017B Refunding Bonds Net Carrying Amount of Debt	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000 22,329,090 1,925,000 14,770,000 \$88,122,664	\$	Refunded \$4,132,987  149,904 3,975,000  263,899  318,723 910,000 1,110,000  858,811 450,000 1,485,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000 21,470,279 1,475,000 13,285,000 \$74,468,340
Trust Bonds Series 2002A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2003 Refunding Bonds Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2009B Revenue Bonds Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2014 Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding Bonds Series 2017 NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds Series 2017 Refunding Bonds Series 2017A Refunding Bonds Series 2017B Refunding Bonds Net Carrying Amount of Debt Current Portion	\$4,132,987 307,430 8,150,000 914,655 12,185,000 1,888,502 15,610,000 5,910,000 22,329,090 1,925,000 14,770,000 \$88,122,664 13,483,324	\$	Refunded \$4,132,987  149,904 3,975,000  263,899  318,723 910,000 1,110,000  858,811 450,000 1,485,000	\$0 157,526 4,175,000 650,756 12,185,000 1,569,779 14,700,000 4,800,000 21,470,279 1,475,000 13,285,000 \$74,468,340 9,700,205

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

Presented below is a summary of debt service requirements to maturity.

Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$4,985,146	\$2,144,229	\$7,129,375
2024	5,057,534	1,984,994	7,042,528
2025	5,246,535	1,815,810	7,062,345
2026	5,436,534	1,621,567	7,058,101
2027	5,225,534	1,424,874	6,650,408
2028	4,705,251	1,261,688	5,966,939
2029	4,726,811	1,108,579	5,835,390
2030	2,928,811	931,186	3,859,997
2031-2035	12,839,056	3,001,960	15,841,016
2036-2040	8,464,056	835,567	9,299,623
2041-2045	4,294,055	-	4,294,055
2046	858,812		858,812
	<u>\$64,768,135</u>	<u>\$16,130,454</u>	<u>\$80,898,589</u>

#### Series 2007A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds

On November 9, 2007, the Commission funded the improvements to New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust \$3,615,780. These bonds were issued for the purpose of: (i) the cleaning and lining water mains in Paterson; (ii) a water transmission main in Lodi; (iii) the retirement of the outstanding Series 2001A&B and Series 2002A&B Bonds (Trust portion only, adjusted for the remaining unspent portion via savings credit); (iv) the funding of the Bond Reserve Requirement; and (v) costs of issuance.

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal and interest on the Series 2007A&B NJEIT Bonds is as follows:

		Series 2007A&B			
	Trust	Portion	Fund Portion		
Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2023	\$70,000	\$19,138	\$76,613	\$165,751	
2024	75,000	15,738		90,738	
2025	75,000	11,913		86,913	
2026	80,000	8,088		88,088	
2027	85,000	4,038		89,038	
	\$385,000	\$58,915	<u>\$76,613</u>	\$520,528	

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

## Series 2009A, B & C Water Supply System Revenue Bonds

On December 15, 2009, the Commission issued Series 2009A, B & C Water Supply System Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$38,500,000 to finance: (1) various capital improvements to the Commission's System, including paying the acquisition price of an easement; (2) deposits to the Commission's Bonds Reserve Fund, Operating Fund Reserve Account and Renewal and Extension Fund to increase the amounts therein to amounts equal to the Bond Reserve Requirement, the Operating Fund Reserve Account Requirement, and the System Reserve Requirement, respectively; and (3) the payment of the costs associated with the issuance of such Bonds. On September 27, 2017, the Series 2009A and 2009C bonds were partially refunded with the issuance of Series 2017A and 2017B Water Supply Refunding Bonds.

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal and interest on the Series 2009 B Water Supply System Revenue Bonds is as follows:

Series 2009B				
Year	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>	
2023	·	\$945,080	\$945,080	
2024		945,080	945,080	
2025	\$565,000	945,080	1,510,080	
2026	595,000	902,309	1,497,309	
2027	620,000	857,268	1,477,268	
2028	650,000	810,334	1,460,334	
2029	685,000	761,129	1,446,129	
2030	720,000	709,274	1,429,274	
2031	755,000	652,970	1,407,970	
2032	795,000	593,929	1,388,929	
2033	835,000	531,760	1,366,760	
2034	875,000	466,463	1,341,463	
2035	920,000	398,038	1,318,038	
2036	965,000	326,094	1,291,094	
2037	1,015,000	250,631	1,265,631	
2038	1,070,000	171,258	1,241,258	
2039	1,120,000	87,584	1,207,584	
	\$12,185,000	\$10,354,281	\$22,539,281	

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

#### Series 2010A&B NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds

On October 5, 2010 and November 23, 2010, the Commission funded various improvements through the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust in the amount of \$5,390,000. These bonds were issued to provide for, among other things (1) the financing of costs of renovations, additions and improvements to the System; including specifically (i) cleaning and lining over 22,000 linear feet of 6", 8" and 12" water mains in the City of Passaic; (ii) approximately 5,100 linear feet of new 12" ductile iron water main to improve the hydraulics of their distribution system; and (iii) replacement of approximately 3,000 linear feet of 12" water main; (2) to provide security for loan(s) from the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust; and (3) the payment of the costs associated with the issuance of such bonds. Of this \$5,390,000, \$1,357,500 of principal was forgiven by a grant through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") of 2009. On April 12, 2013, \$335,000 of the trust loan was deobligated and used to defease a portion of the Series 2010B Bonds.

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal and interest on the Series 2010A&B NJEIT Bonds is as follows:

		Series 2010A&B			
	Trust I	Portion	Fund Portion		
Year	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Total</u>	
2023	137,000	54,750	72,723	264,473	
2024	146,000	47,250	72,723	\$265,973	
2025	150,000	39,250	72,723	261,973	
2026	160,000	31,000	72,723	263,723	
2027	164,000	22,250	72,723	258,973	
2028	172,000	13,250	4,441	189,691	
2029	68,000	3,750		71,750	
	<u>\$997,000</u>	<u>\$211,500</u>	<u>\$368,056</u>	<u>\$1,576,556</u>	

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

## **Series 2014 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds**

On June 16, 2014, the Commission issued Series 2014 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$20,470,000 to finance: (1) various capital improvements to the Commission's water treatment and distributing system, including, among other things, construction and replacement of water supply system components, including cleaning and lining of water lines; main, valve and meter replacements; equipment upgrades to the water plant; acquisition of vehicles and equipment; dam improvements; improvements to pump station systems and hydro-turbine generators; design and project costs for water main replacements; upgrades to instrumentation and control systems; and costs related thereto; and (2) the payment of the costs associates with the issuance of such bonds.

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal and interest of the Series 2014 Bonds is as follows:

Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$995,000	\$578,938	\$1,573,938
2024	1,045,000	529,187	1,574,187
2025	1,095,000	476,938	1,571,938
2026	1,150,000	422,187	1,572,187
2027	1,210,000	364,688	1,574,688
2028	1,245,000	326,875	1,571,875
2029	1,290,000	286,413	1,576,413
2030	1,350,000	221,912	1,571,912
2031	1,400,000	176,350	1,576,350
2032	1,445,000	127,350	1,572,350
2033	1,520,000	55,100	1,575,100
	<u>\$13,745,000</u>	<u>\$3,565,938</u>	<u>\$17,310,938</u>

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

## **Series 2015 Water Supply Refunding Bonds**

On November 5, 2015, the Commission issued Series 2015 Water Supply Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$10,195,000 to finance: (i) the retirement and refunding of the Series 2005 Water Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds and the Series 2007C Water Supply System Revenue Bonds; (ii) the funding of the Bond Reserve requirement; and (iii) costs of issuance.

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal and interest of the Series 2015 Bonds is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$730,000	\$162,900	\$892,900
2024	755,000	126,400	881,400
2025	800,000	88,650	888,650
2026	845,000	48,650	893,650
2027	495,000	14,850	509,850
	<u>\$3,625,000</u>	<u>\$441,450</u>	<u>\$4,066,450</u>

#### Series 2017 New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds

On June 19, 2017, the Commission funded two projects, \$1,919,884 (Project No. 1605002-025A) and \$29,760,707 (Project No. 1605002-025B), through the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust through the issuance of Series 2017 Bonds. Of the \$29,760,707, \$7,920,148 of principal was forgiven by a grant through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Hurricane Sandy Community Development Bond Grant: Disaster Recovery Grant.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal and interest of the Series 2017 NJEIT Bonds is as follows:

## Series 2017 New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust Bonds, (continued)

	Series	2017	
Year	1605002-025A	1605002-025-B	
	Principal	Principal	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$69,393	\$789,417	\$858,810
2024	69,393	789,418	858,811
2025	69,394	789,418	858,812
2026	69,393	789,418	858,811
2027	69,393	789,417	858,810
2028	69,394	789,418	858,812
2029	69,393	789,418	858,811
2030	69,393	789,418	858,811
2031	69,394	789,417	858,811
2032	69,394	789,418	858,812
2033	69,393	789,418	858,811
2034	69,394	789,418	858,812
2035	69,393	789,417	858,810
2036	69,393	789,418	858,811
2037	69,394	789,418	858,812
2038	69,393	789,418	858,811
2039	69,393	789,417	858,810
2040	69,394	789,418	858,812
2041	69,393	789,418	858,811
2042	69,393	789,418	858,811
2043	69,394	789,417	858,811
2044	69,393	789,418	858,811
2045	69,393	789,418	858,811
2046	69,394	789,418	858,812
	<u>\$1,665,441</u>	<u>\$18,946,026</u>	<u>\$20,611,467</u>

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

#### **Series 2017A&B Water Supply Refunding Bonds**

On September 27, 2017, the Commission issued Series 2017A&B Water Supply Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$1,925,000 and \$16,000,000 to (1) advance refund a portion of the Commission's outstanding Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,965,000; (2) advance refund a portion of the Commission's outstanding Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C in the aggregate principal amount of \$13,260,000; (3) fully fund the Bond Reserve Fund equal to the Bond Reserve Requirement; and (4) pay for certain costs associated with the issuance of these bonds.

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal and interest on the Series 2017A&B Bonds is as follows:

	Series 2	017A	Series	2017B	
Year	<b>Principal</b>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$490,000	\$50,250	\$1,555,000	\$333,173	\$2,095,250
2024	515,000	25,750	1,590,000	295,589	2,130,750
2025			1,630,000	253,979	1,630,000
2026			1,675,000	209,333	1,675,000
2027			1,720,000	161,780	1,720,000
2028			1,775,000	111,229	1,775,000
2029			1,825,000	57,287	1,825,000
	\$1,005,000	<u>\$76,000</u>	<u>\$11,770,000</u>	<u>\$1,422,370</u>	\$14,273,370

#### NOTE 7. CAPITALIZED LEASE PAYABLE - LODI WATER SYSTEM

In July of 1997, a 30 year lease agreement between the Commission and the Borough of Lodi took effect. The lease agreement conveyed the real and personal property, plants, structures, including reservoirs, pumping stations, water distribution systems, sources of water supplies, connections, rights of flowage or diversion and all other rights therein owned by Lodi in connection with its water distribution system (hereinafter collectively referred to as the System) to the Commission. The lease also requires the Commission to manage, operate and maintain the System in an efficient and economical manner in accordance with its terms and otherwise in accordance with prudent industry and utility practices.

## NOTE 7. CAPITALIZED LEASE PAYABLE - LODI WATER SYSTEM., (continued)

The lease required payments to be made of \$3,200,000 in 1997, \$2,500,000 in 1998 and \$750,000 in 1999, followed by a succession of annual payments beginning in the year 2001 of \$45,000 rising to approximately \$97,000 in the year 2027.

The lease also requires the Commission to make capital expenditures and improvements to the System in each year the lease is in effect beginning with approximately \$95,000 required in 1997 and approximately \$103,000 required in 1998, and increasing each year by various amounts to a level of approximately \$250,000 required in the year 2026. The Commission has expended in excess of the required capital improvements.

The lease contains options for the Borough of Lodi to terminate the lease after either ten (10) years or after twenty (20) years by paying the Commission an amount sufficient to pay or defease the outstanding principal amount and premium, if any, of the 1997A Bonds then outstanding. The lease also requires the Borough of Lodi to reimburse to Commission for all capital expenditures upon termination.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease obligations at December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Required	Present	Present Value
	Lodi Lease	Value	of Lodi Lease
<u>Year</u>	<b>Payments</b>	<u>Factor</u>	<u>Payable</u>
2023	\$86,224	95.24%	\$82,118
2024	88,811	90.70%	80,554
2025	91,475	86.38%	79,020
2026	94,219	82.27%	77,514
2027	97,046	78.35%	76,038
Lodi Lease Payable			<u>\$395,244</u>
Current Portion			82,118
Long-Term Portion			313,126
			<u>\$395,244</u>

## NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN

## <u>Description of Plans</u>:

Commission employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee retirement systems: the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP), a tax-qualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 401(a).

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

### Plan Description

The State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the "Division"). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

#### Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60a of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with

### NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN, (continued)

## Benefits Provided, (continued)

25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

### **Defined Contribution Retirement Program**

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or PFRS, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625-0295.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The DCRP was established July 1, 2007, under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

#### **Contribution Requirements**

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. The pension funds provide for employee contributions based on 5.5% for PERS. This amount will increase to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased in over 7 years beginning 2012 of the employee's annual compensation, as defined by law. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in all

### NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN, (continued)

Funds. The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments and noncontributory death benefits in the PERS. In the PERS, the employer contribution includes funding for post-retirement medical premiums.

#### Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2012 for PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Commission to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

	Three Year Trend	Information for PERS	
	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
<b>Funding</b>	Cost (APC)	<b>Contributed</b>	<b>Obligation</b>
1 2/3 1/22	\$2,563,292	7.74%	\$33,102,745
1 2/3 1/2 1	\$2,458,980	9.48%	\$25,929,140
1 2/3 1/20	\$2,143,995	6.14%	\$34,916,809

Three Year Trend Information DCR	
Year	DCRP
<b>Funding</b>	<b>Contributions</b>
1 2/31/22	\$485,731
12/31/21	\$104,312
12/31/20	\$313,807

## ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PER - GASB NO. 68

## **Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)**

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Commission reported a liability of \$33,102,745 and \$25,929,140, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Commission's proportion was 0.2193487442 percent, which was an increase of 0.000472774 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

## NOTE 8. <u>PENSION PLAN</u>, (continued)

# ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PER - GASB NO. 68, (continued)

## Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), (continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Commission recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(1,028,069) and \$(2,006,023), respectively. At December 31, 2022, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Changes of assumptions	\$102,563	\$135,039
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between the	238,920	408,936
Commission's contributions and proportionate share	2.727.052	2 7 6 7 7 0 0
of contributions	3,737,852	3,767,798
Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,984,939	2,805,102
Total	<u>\$7,064,274</u>	<u>\$7,116,875</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	\$5,167,485	\$16,246,981
Changes in proportion and differences between		
Commission contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	124,115	321,126
Other deferred pension adjustments	983,299	906,997
Total	<u>\$6,274,899</u>	<u>\$17,475,104</u>

## NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN, (continued)

## ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PER - GASB NO. 68, (continued)

### Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date (June 30, 2022) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (excluding changes in proportion) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Year ended December 31:		
2022		(6,118,148)
2023	(2,839,520)	(4,368,343)
2024	(1,446,640)	(2,978,465)
2025	(705,498)	(2,238,920)
2026	1,539,130	870
2027	(3,381)	

#### **Changes in Proportion**

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.04, 5.13, 5.16, 5.21, 5.63, 5.48, 5.57, 5.72 and 6.44 years for 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 amounts, respectively.

#### **Additional Information**

Local Group Collective balances net of nonemployer (State of New Jersey) balances at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$1,660,772,008	\$1,164,738,169
Collective deferred inflows of resources	3,236,303,935	8,339,123,762
Collective net pension liability	15,219,184,920	11,972,782,878
Commission's Proportion	0.2193487442%	0.2188759702%

## NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN, (continued)

## ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PER - GASB NO. 68, (continued)

## Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), (continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate:

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary Increases 2.75-6.55% (based on years of service)

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 Percent

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

#### **Mortality Rates**

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non- Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement based on Scale MP-2021.

#### NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN, (continued)

## ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PER - GASB NO. 68, (continued)

## Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), (continued)

## **Long-Term Rate of Return**

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
H.C. Essites	27.000/	0.120/
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging Market Equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real Estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.60%
High Yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private Credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.91%

## NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN, (continued)

## ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PER - GASB NO. 68, (continued)

## Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the collective net pension liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2022, respectively, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 -percentage point lower or 1- percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	June 30, 2022		
	1%	At Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.00%	<u>7.00%</u>	8.00%
Commission's proportionate share of		<del></del>	
the pension liability	\$42,887,493	\$33,102,745	\$25,294,462

## NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN, (continued)

## ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PER - GASB NO. 68, (continued)

## Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), (continued)

	June 30, 2021		
	1% At Current		1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Commission's proportionate share of			
the pension liability	\$35,686,638	\$25,929,140	\$18,159,493

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Financial Report for the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The financial report may be accessed at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

## NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION

On December 15, 2018, the Commission implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This statement requires the Commission to calculate their other postemployment benefit obligation using a method similar to the calculation used for pension obligations under GASB Statement No. 68.

The Commission currently vests employees for lifetime prescription drug coverage after 20 years of service and lifetime health benefits after 25 years of service. The Water Commission provides for no post-retirement death benefits. At the age at which the employee may begin to receive retirement benefits under the Water Commission's pension plan, the employee may retire and retain their health insurance coverage. Depending on age and years of service at retirement, the Commission will either contribute 100% for some individuals (and their spouses) or the retiree may have to pay for some or all of the coverage.

## NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION, (continued)

## Total OPEB Liability

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Commission had a liability of \$61,482,072 and \$67,933,013, respectively, for its share of the non-special funding net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Commission recognized OPEB expense of \$3,621,572. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Defermed Outflows of Beautiness	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Changes of assumptions	\$11,552,242	\$11,647,911
Total	<u>\$11,552,242</u>	<u>\$11,647,911</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:  Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	<u>\$16,327,207</u>	\$8,105,219
Total	\$16,327,207	\$8,105,219

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (excluding changes in proportion) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Year ended December 31:		
2022	-	1,786,740
2023	325,685	1,786,740
2024	(1,783,136)	(217,977)
2025	(1,169,762)	187,189
2026	(1,461,055)	-
2027	(686,697)	-
Thereafter	-	_

## NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION, (continued)

#### Actual Assumptions and Other Inputs

This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Measurement date: December 31, 2022

Actuarial valuation date: December 31, 2022

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB

liability was 4.31%. Because the plan is unfunded, the plan's projected benefits are discounted back using rates equivalent to S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year Rate Index as of December 31, 2022. The prior valuation used 2.06%, from the GO Bond Buyer Index, which is

no longer available.

Mortality: Pub-2010 General Employee Headcount - weighted

with fully generational Scale MP-2021. The mortality table was updated to represent the most recent mortality table released by the Society of Actuaries specifically

for government employees.

Turnover: T5 Standard table based on professional judgment

Salary scale: 4.50% based on input from the plan sponsor

Retirement age: As specified in the following table:

Age at the Beginning of Year	Retiren	nent Rate
	25+ years of service	<25 Years of Service
55	50%	0%
56-64	20% per year	0%
65	100%	100%

Professional judgment was used to develop retirement probabilities.

#### NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION, (continued)

Utilization: 100% based on input from the plan sponsor

Marital Assumption: 60% are assumed married for active population, for

current retirees actual experience used.

Valuation of assets: N/A

Trend: Per-capita claims costs are assumed to increase

annually at a rate starting at 7.5% in 2022 and decreasing linearly by 0.25% each year to an ultimate annual increase of 4.5%. Professional judgement was used for anticipated trends were expected to be 2.0%

above the inflation rate.

Per Capita Claims: Claims were developed by adjusting the underlying

medical premiums for the ages of retirees compared to the underlying active populations. The adjustment was done using actual ages of enrolled participants and aging factors. The Direct 10 premium of \$1,061.50 was used to determine the portion the retired participant portion pays. The post-65 premium was

\$544.74.

#### Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of December 31, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	December 31, 2022		
	1%	At Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	3.31%	4.31%	5.31%
Commission's proportionate share of			
Net OPEB liability	\$71,642,951	\$61,482,072	\$53,356,961

## NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION, (continued)

	December 31, 2021		
	1%	At Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	1.06%	2.06%	3.06%
Commission's proportionate share of			
Net OPEB liability	\$81,062,194	\$67,933,013	\$57,684,562

## Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates:

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of December 31, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	December 31, 2022		
	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase
Commission's proportionate share of Net OPEB liability	\$52,869,283	\$61,482,072	\$72,449,591
Net Of EB habinty	\$32,007,203	\$01,402,072	\$72,447,571
		December 31, 2021	
	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rate	<u>Increase</u>
Commission's proportionate share of			
Net OPEB liability	\$56,371,933	\$67,933,013	\$83,200,917

#### NOTE 10. AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY BOND RESOLUTIONS

The following cash and investment accounts are required by the Commission's bond resolutions:

## NOTE 10. AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY BOND RESOLUTIONS, (continued)

#### **Current Debt Service**

The Commission's 1992 General Bond Resolution states that the Bond Service Requirement equal the amount of unpaid interest or principal, plus, all interest and all principal payable during a fiscal year. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amounts required by bond resolution were as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash and Investments on Hand	<u>\$310,553</u>	\$388,841

#### **Debt Service Reserve**

The 1992 General Bond Resolution states that the Commission's Bond Reserve Requirement equal the lesser of (i) 10% of the aggregate principal amount of Bonds upon original issuance or (ii) the amount equal to the Maximum Annual Debt Service. In 2005 and 2007, the Commission purchased bond service insurance policies covering the 1992, 2001A&B, 2002A&B, 2003, 2005 and 2007A&B Bonds. As a result, the Commission has amended the applicable bond resolution to allow for the use of insurance to meet it's future debt service requirement. At December 31, 2022, the amounts required by bond resolution were as follows:

	Debt	Maximum
	Service	Bond
	Reserve	Surety
	Requirement	<u>Coverage</u>
Series 2007A&B NJEIT Bonds	46,161	250,750
Series 2009B Bonds	1,120,000	
Series 2010A&B NJEIT Bonds	136,506	
Series 2014 Bonds	1,374,000	
Series 2015 Refunding Bonds	362,500	
Series 2017A&B Refunding Bonds	1,277,500	

## NOTE 10. AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY BOND RESOLUTIONS, (continued)

In addition to the insurance policies, the Commission has reserved \$16,596,097 in cash, cash equivalents and investments for the purpose of funding future debt service requirements.

## **Renewal and Extension Reserve**

The 1992 General Bond Resolution states that the Commission's Renewal and Extension Reserve equal the amount reasonably necessary as a reserve for expenses to the System for major repairs, renewals, replacements, extensions, enlargements, improvements or maintenance items of a type not recurring annually or at shorter intervals. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amounts required by bond resolution were as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash and Investments on Hand Renewal and Extension Requirement	\$4,511,638 <u>4,000,000</u>	\$4,001,869 <u>4,000,000</u>
Excess (Deficit)	<u>\$511,638</u>	<u>\$1,869</u>

#### **Operations Reserve**

The 1992 General Bond Resolution states that the Commission's Operating Fund Reserve equal an amount necessary to provide one month payment for Operating Expenses for the period beginning on such withdrawal date and ending on a date which is one month subsequent thereto. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amounts of cash and investments on hand were as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash and Investments on Hand	<u>\$13,327,128</u>	\$13,315,000

## **Coverage Covenant**

The Commission's 1992 General Bond Resolution also includes a covenant that, among other things, requires the Commission to estimate, make, impose, charge, revise and collect revenues for each fiscal year sufficient (i) to pay all operating expenses of the Commission in each fiscal year, (ii) provide an amount equal to 110% of the aggregate bond service requirement and sinking fund requirement for such fiscal year and (iii) provide an amount so that the Operating Fund Reserve Account and the Renewal and Extension Account are at their respective requirements.

### NOTE 10. AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY BOND RESOLUTIONS, (continued)

At December 31, 2022, the bond service coverage ratio was calculated as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Net Operating Income (including interest and Finance charges, excluding depreciation)	\$30,559,261	\$39,760,894
Bond Service Requirement	7,129,375	12,229,540
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	4.29	3.25

All principal and interest payments were made on a timely basis during the 2022 fiscal year and through the date of this report.

#### NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As of December 31, 2022, the Commission's general counsel has advised that there is no pending litigation that would have a material effect on the Commission's financial statements.

The Commission has been named as a defendant or third-party defendant in various claims for damages, and claims by several administrative employees regarding employment, health hazards and pay discrimination. The Commission has also been named as a defendant in a wrongful termination claim relating to the termination of services from a contractor. Management is vigorously defending against these claims and believes the contingency and self-insurance reserve funds should be sufficient to cover any unfavorable decisions.

#### NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Passaic Valley Water Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission currently has Property, Liability, Worker's Compensation, Public Officials Liability and Public Employee Dishonesty insurance purchased through various policies. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year nor have there been any settlements in excess of insurance coverage. As of December 31, 2022, coverage was as follows:

## NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT, (continued)

#### **Property**

PVWC Deductible = \$5,000 NJUA/MEL Coverage = \$150,000,000

## General/Auto Liability

PVWC Liability SIR = \$250,000 NJUA JIF Coverage = \$50,000 (excess of \$250,000) MEL JIF Coverage = \$700,000 (excess of \$300,000) Munich Re Excess Liability = \$10,000,000 (excess of \$2,000,000) Lexington Excess Liability (PVWC only) = \$10,000,000 (excess of \$11,000,000)

## NOTE 13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the Passaic Valley Water Commission may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Government). The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the Commission. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated financial institution. The employees' contributions to the Plan and all income attributable to those amounts have been transferred to the exclusive benefit of the participating employees and their beneficiaries.

## NOTE 14. OTHER MATTERS

The Commission has a lease agreement with the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission/United Water New Jersey Company for the use of an intake pumping station located in Wayne. Rent is \$1 per annum plus an apportioned share, based upon square footage utilized by the Commission, of maintenance, utilities, real estate taxes and fire insurance. The approximate annual cost is \$30,000. The term of the lease is the same term as the Diversion Grant from the State of New Jersey to the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission/United Water New Jersey Company. In the event that the grant is renewed or extended, the term of the lease shall also be renewed or extended for a like period of time.

#### **NOTE 14. OTHER MATTERS, (continued)**

### **Storage Tank Project**

As of December 2022, the design for Levine reservoir was progressing forward to install two (2) 2.5-million-gallon (MG) storage tanks on the site of the existing reservoir. This design is expected to be bid out for construction in the Spring of 2024 and is currently estimated to cost \$30 million with funding through the NJ Water Bank and up to \$2 million in principal forgiveness anticipated. The project is expected to take three (3) years to construct. Currently, PVWC is reevaluating storage requirements to build storage tanks at the New Street and Great Notch reservoirs. The sequencing and timing of that work and other needed system improvements is currently under evaluation. PVWC is in discussion with federal and state regulators to determine the appropriate compliance schedules for the work planned for New Street and Great Notch as well as other related system improvements.

#### NOTE 15. DESIGNATION OF UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Commission maintains funds that, although may be spent for any lawful purpose by the Commission, have been designated as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Designated for Self-Insurance	\$608,084	\$608,084
Total Designated - Unrestricted	<u>\$608,084</u>	<u>\$608,084</u>

The remaining, undesignated portion of the Commission's net position was comprised of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

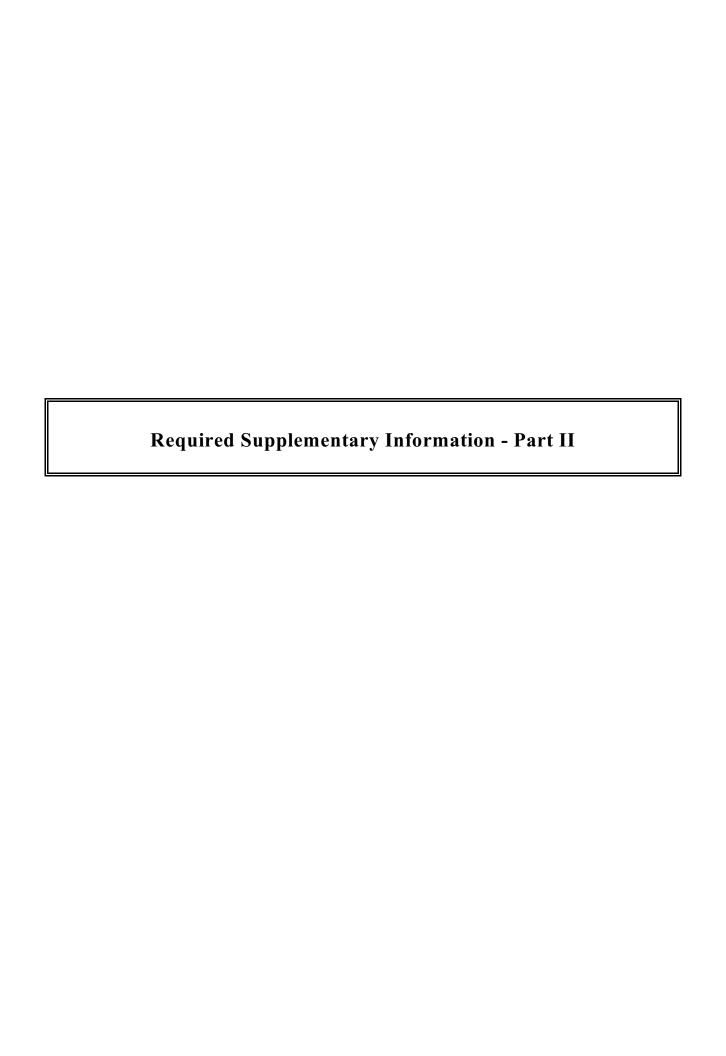
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
OPEB Related Pension Related Available for Use in Future Budgets	\$(66,257,037) (32,313,370) 17,254,718	\$(64,390,321) (36,287,369) 26,120,051
	<u>(\$81,315,689)</u>	(\$74,557,639)

### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In December 2023, the Commission issued Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2023, in the amount of \$98,325,000. These bonds are being issued to: (i) finance various capital improvements to the Commission's water supply, treatment and distribution system as outlined in the Commission's approved 2023-2024 capital budget, including, among other things, construction and replacement of water supply system components; water main, valve and meter replacements; equipment upgrades; acquisition of vehicles and equipment; dam improvements; improvements to pump stations and hydro-turbine generators; water main replacements; upgrades to instrumentation and control systems, together with such additional and/or replacement capital improvements relating to the Commission's water system as the Commission may determine from time to time, together with all work and materials necessary or desirable in connection therewith; (ii) fund a deposit to the Bond Reserve Fund to increase the amount therein to an amount equal to the Bond Reserve Requirement (as each such term is defined in the Resolution); and (iii) pay certain costs and expenses incidental to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, including payment of the bond insurance premium.

The Commission has evaluated subsequent events through January 18, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued and no additional items, except as noted above, were noted for disclosure.



### **SCHEDULE RSI-1**

### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	<u></u>	Increase/(Decrease)	
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	<u>Liability</u>	Net Position	<u>Liability</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$67,933,013	\$ -	\$67,933,013
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,914,450	-	1,914,450
Interest	1,381,437	-	1,381,437
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	5,418,007	-	5,418,007
Assumption changes	(13,409,979)	-	(13,409,979)
Contributions - employer		1,754,856	-
Contributions - employee	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(1,754,856)	(1,754,856)	-
Administrative expense	-	-	-
Other changes			
Net Changes	(6,450,941)	-	(6,450,941)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$61,482,072	\$0	\$61,482,072

### SCHEDULE RSI-2

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

Schedule of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) Required Supplementary Information Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2014	0.1628908896	\$30,497,630	\$12,172,446	250.55%
	2015	0.1800307948%	\$40,413,306	\$12,797,853	315.78%
une 30,	2016	0.1862240656%	\$55,154,227	\$13,223,975	417.08%
M easurement Date Ending June 30,	2017	0.1926936638%	\$44,856,005	\$13,206,006	339.66%
M easuren	2018	0.2074724706% 0.1877759466% 0.1926936638%	\$36,972,148	\$14,479,759	255.34%
	2019		\$37,383,392	\$15,431,286	242.26%
	$\overline{2020}$	0.2141165442%	\$34,916,809	\$16,258,045	214.77%
	$\overline{2021}$	0.2188759702%	\$25,929,140	\$16,122,585	160.82%
	2022	0.2193487442%	\$33,102,745	\$15,575,953	212.52%
	_	Commission's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Commission's Covered- Employee Payroll	Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered-Employee Payroll

However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. for those years for which information is available. Note:

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) Schedule of the Commission's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Nine Fiscal Years

\$1,286,870	(1,286,870)	-0- \$	\$12,172,446	10.57%
\$1,441,276	(1,441,276)	-0-	\$12,797,853	11.26%
\$1,547,782	(1,547,782)	-0-	\$13,223,975	11.70%
\$1,575,745	(1,575,745)	-0-	\$13,206,006	11.93%
\$1,698,090	(1,698,090)	-0-	\$14,479,759	11.73%
\$1,990,263	(1,990,263)	-0-	\$15,431,286	12.90%
\$2,143,995	(2,143,995)	-0-	\$16,258,045	13.19%
\$2,458,980	(2,458,980)	-0- \$	\$16,122,585	15.25%
\$2,563,292	(2,563,292)	-0- \$	\$15,575,953	16.46%
Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Commission's Covered-Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Commission's Covered-Employee Payroll
	Contractually Required Contribution \$2,563,292 \$2,458,980 \$2,143,995 \$1,990,263 \$1,698,090 \$1,575,745 \$1,547,782 \$1,441,276	\$2,563,292 \$2,458,980 \$2,143,995 \$1,990,263 \$1,698,090 \$1,575,745 \$1,547,782 \$1,441,276 ractually (2,563,292) (2,458,980) (2,143,995) (1,990,263) (1,698,090) (1,575,745) (1,547,782) (1,441,276)	Contractually Required Contribution         \$2,563,292         \$2,458,980         \$2,143,995         \$1,690,263         \$1,698,090         \$1,575,745         \$1,547,782         \$1,441,276           Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution         (2,563,292)         (2,458,980)         (2,143,995)         (1,990,263)         (1,698,090)         (1,575,745)         (1,441,276)         (1,441,276)           Contribution Deficiency (Excess)         \$ -0-<	Contractually Required Contribution         \$2,563,292         \$2,458,980         \$2,143,995         \$1,990,263         \$1,698,090         \$1,575,745         \$1,547,782         \$1,441,276           Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution         (2,563,292)         (2,458,980)         (2,143,995)         (1,698,090)         (1,575,745)         (1,547,782)         (1,441,276)           Contribution Deficiency (Excess)         \$-0-<

However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Note:

### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year ended December 31, 2021

### **Other Postemployment Benefits**

Plan Membership as of December 31, 2021	
Number of Actives with coverage	193
Number of Retirees and Dependents covered	180

373

Covered Payroll \$18,700,000

Average Future Service 5.00

**Total December 31, 2021 OPEB Liability By Active/Inactive** 

Active Employees\$37,288,920Inactive Participants30,644,093Total OPEB Liability\$67,933,013

Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 363.28%

### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year ended December 31, 2021 (continued)

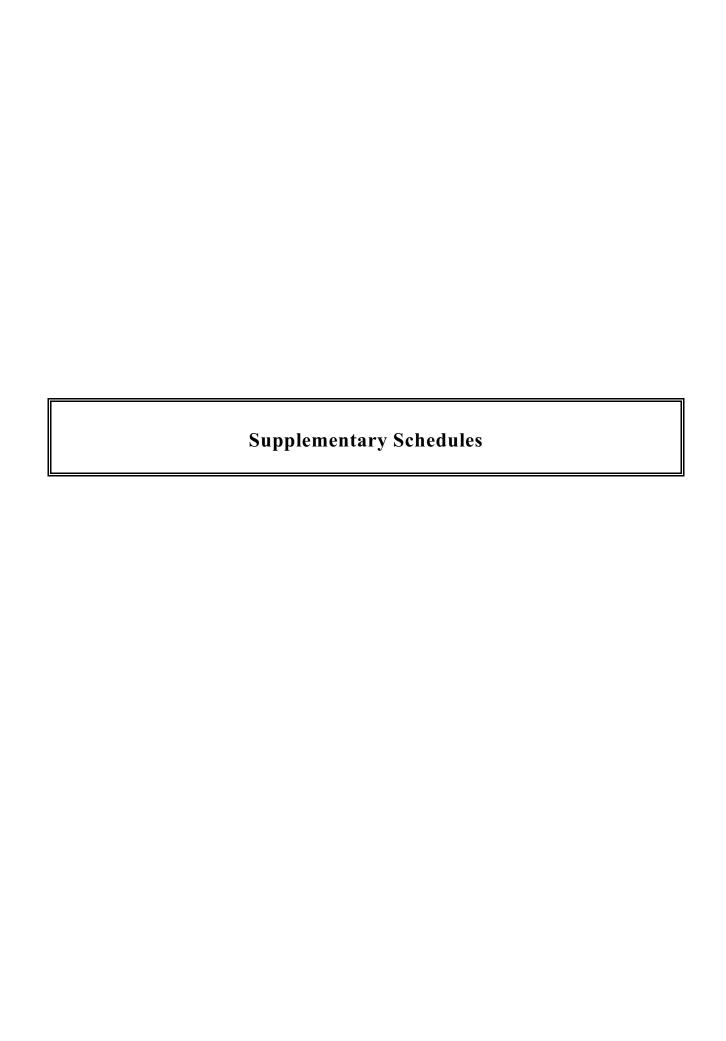
### **Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)**

Changes in Benefit Terms

None

### Changes in Assumptions

The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. There was a change in the municipal bond index rate from the prior measurement date to the current measurement date resulting in a change in the discount rate from 6.8% to 7.00%. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 68.



SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Restricted			Unrestricted	ricted	
1	Net Investment in Capital Assets	Current Debt Service Reserve	Future Debt Service Reserve	Renewal and Extension Reserve	Operations Reserve	Unemployment Compensation Insurance	Designated	Undesignated	Total
Operating Revenue: Service Agreements Miscellancous Sale of Scrap								94,470,122 9,138,329 25,179	94,470,122 9,138,329 25,179
Total Operating Revenue								103,633,630	103,633,630
Operating Expense: Cost of Providing Services Administrative and General Depreciation	11,660,873							56,874,114	56,874,114 16,988,784 11,660,873
Total Operating Expense	11,660,873							73,862,898	85,523,771
Operating Income	(11,660,873)							29,770,732	18,109,859
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense): Interest Income Finance Charges Interest Expense Loss on Disposal of Asset Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation								527.832 260,697 (2,862,322) (1,866,716)	527,832 260,697 (2,862,322) (153,155) (1,866,716)
Amortization	(20,426)						,	(3,940,509)	(3,960,935)
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(11,681,299)	•		•				25,830,223	14,148,924
Transfers: Capital Expenditures Bond Payments Lease Payments NJETT Receipts Other Transfers	25,574,803 9,700,205 18,497 (2,420,832) (29,074)	(77,928)	(232,499)		12,128	42,973		(25,574,803) (9,700,205) (18,497) 2,420,832 284,400	
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	21,162,300	(77,928)	(232,499)		12,128	42,973	•	(6,758,050)	14,148,924
Net Position - Jan. 1, 2022 ==	165,252,303	388,481	16,828,596	4,000,000	13,315,000	433,998	608,084	(74,557,639)	126,268,823
Net Position - December 31, 2022	186,414,603	310,553	16,596,097	4,000,000	13,327,128	476,971	608,084	(81,315,689)	140,417,747

### SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS UNRESTRICTED AND RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Bond Service Accounts	Bond Reserve Account	Renewal and Extension Account	Operation Reserve Account
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - January 1, 2022	538,427	16,828,596	4,001,869	8,836,598
Cash Receipts: Interest on Investments Service Agreements Miscellaneous	97,043	87,031	16,407	54,706
Finance Charges Transfers	12,387,556	496,351	1,836,325	4,435,824
Total Cash Receipts	12,484,599	583,382	1,852,732	4,490,530
Cash and Investments Available	13,023,026	17,411,978	5,854,601	13,327,128
Cash Disbursements:  Bond Principal Payments Interest Payments Operations	9,700,205 2,829,721			
Capital and Other Expenses Transfers		815,881	1,342,773	
Total Cash Disbursements	12,529,926	815,881	1,342,773	
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - December 31, 2022	493,100	16,596,097	4,511,828	13,327,128
Analysis of Balance: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	493,100	1,276,063 15,320,034	2,505,928 2,005,900	10,419,628 2,907,500
	493,100	16,596,097	4,511,828	13,327,128
Unrestricted Restricted	493,100	16,596,097	511,828 4,000,000	13,327,128
	493,100	16,596,097	4,511,828	13,327,128

### SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS UNRESTRICTED AND RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Unemployment	General	
	Insurance	Operating	
	Account	Accounts	Total
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments -	400.000		4
January 1, 2022	433,998	15,299,225	45,938,713
Cash Receipts:			
Interest on Investments	772	273,467	529,426
Service Agreements		102,941,389	102,941,389
Miscellaneous	42,201	2,420,832	2,463,033
Finance Charges		260,697	260,697
Transfers	-		19,156,056
Total Cash Receipts	42,973	105,896,385	125,350,601
Cash and Investments Available	476,971	121,195,610	171,289,314
Cash Disbursements:			
Bond Principal Payments			9,700,205
Interest Payments			2,829,721
Operations		70,994,191	70,994,191
Capital and Other Expenses		25,660,245	25,660,245
Transfers		16,997,402	19,156,056
Total Cash Disbursements		113,651,838	128,340,418
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments -			
December 31, 2022	476,971	7,543,772	42,948,896
Analysis of Balance:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	94,219	6,903,772	21,692,710
Investments	382,752	640,000	21,256,186
			21,200,100
	476,971	7,543,772	42,948,896
Unrestricted	-	7,543,772	8,055,600
Restricted	476,971	-	34,893,296
	476,971	7,543,772	42,948,896

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION
SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE AND COSTS FUNDED
BY OPERATING REVENUE COMPARED TO BUDGET
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Adopted Budget	FY 2022 Budget as Amended	Current Year Actual	Excess / (Deficit)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues:		•			
Service Charges	56,632,137	56,632,137	56,402,533	(229,604)	56,191,400
Service Agreements (Bulk)	35,576,984	35,576,984	38,067,589	2,490,605	36,587,163
Fines / Penalties			260,697	260,697	
Fire Line Service	6,992,744	6,992,744	6,664,518	(328,226)	6,938,604
Other Services and Repairs	5,673,059	5,673,059	2,498,990	(3,174,069)	1,804,161
Non-operating Investments	750,000	750,000	527,832	(222,168)	555,330
Total Operating Revenues	105,624,924	105,624,924	104,422,159	(1,202,765)	102,076,658

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE AND COSTS FUNDED BY OPERATING REVENUE COMPARED TO BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Adopted Budget	FY 2022 Budget as Amended	Current Year Actual	Excess / (Deficit)	Prior Year Actual
Expenses: Operating:					
Cost of Providing Services: Executive					
Salaries and Wages	1,068,800	1,068,800	1,990,138	(921,338)	419,535
Other Expenses	55,500	55,500	41,203	14,297	12,880
Legal					
Salaries and Wages	253,000	253,000	168,063	84,937	257,872
Other Expenses	711,100	711,100	486,149	224,951	525,855
Engineering					
Salaries and Wages	2,340,200	2,340,200	2,170,127	170,073	1,659,621
Other Expenses	2,535,800	2,535,800	1,475,089	1,060,711	1,264,797
Purchasing					
Salaries and Wages	392,400	392,400	346,030	46,370	301,927
Other Expenses	11,700	11,700	10,311	1,389	2,015
Accounting					
Salaries and Wages	1,286,700	1,286,700	1,241,086	45,614	1,070,734
Other Expenses	167,700	167,700	132,430	35,270	69,791
Customer Service					
Salaries and Wages	1,121,400	1,121,400	1,059,601	61,799	1,140,436
Other Expenses	1,391,300	1,391,300	1,328,645	62,655	1,295,984
Information Technology	582,400	582,400	112,290	470,110	385,581
Personnel					
Salaries and Wages	488,200	488,200	629,136	(140,936)	468,655
Other Expenses	81,700	81,700	35,104	46,596	38,597
Purification					
Salaries and Wages	2,452,680	2,452,680	1,654,488	798,192	1,648,669
Other Expenses	24,750	24,750	31,420	(6,670)	53,511
Process	10,127,000	10,127,000	11,208,493	(1,081,493)	7,473,430

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE AND COSTS FUNDED BY OPERATING REVENUE COMPARED TO BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Adopted Budget	FY 2022 Budget as Amended	Current Year Actual	Excess / (Deficit)	Prior Year Actual
Operating:					
Pumping					
Salaries and Wages	1,164,100	1,164,100	1,126,037	38,063	1,086,131
Other Expenses	6,875,800	6,875,800	5,884,426	991,374	6,110,404
Plant:					
Salaries and Wages	4,175,400	4,175,400	4,131,784	43,616	3,738,142
Other Expenses	2,066,000	2,066,000	2,164,071	(98,071)	1,781,765
Construction (Non-Capital Expenditures)	345,400	345,400	459,984	(114,584)	224,055
Distribution					
Salaries and Wages	5,856,000	5,856,000	5,976,232	(120,232)	5,494,801
Other Expenses	156,000	156,000	999'.26	58,334	120,828
Maintenance	1,579,900	1,579,900	3,250,318	(1,670,418)	1,114,892
Garage	465,000	465,000	520,337	(55,337)	335,849
Laboratory:					
Salaries and Wages	1,598,900	1,598,900	1,688,136	(89,236)	1,554,446
Other Expenses	347,000	347,000	50	346,950	374,092
General Chemistry	781,000	781,000	361,370	419,630	281,432
Trace Analysis	232,000	232,000	69,368	162,632	102,899
Microbiology	230,000	230,000	136,261	93,739	142,601
Online Water Instruments	105,000	105,000	105,101	(101)	69,504
Field Gas Instruments	13,000	13,000	4,340	8,660	12,578
NJDWSC Budget Expense	9,850,800	9,850,800	9,657,694	193,106	9,657,694
Sub-total Cost of Providing Services	60,933,630	60,933,630	59,752,978	1,180,652	50,292,003

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE AND COSTS FUNDED BY OPERATING REVENUE COMPARED TO BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Adopted Budget	FY 2022 Budget as	Current Year Actual	Excess / (Deficit)	Prior Year Actual
Administrative Expenses:	0				
Stationary, Postage and Supplies	400,500	400,500	415,440	(14,940)	382,853
Miscellaneous	597,400	597,400	312,557	284,843	307,460
Telephone	850,000	850,000	840,123	9,877	696,958
Wanaque So Lease Expense	120,000	120,000	138,435	(18,435)	110,119
Legal Advertisements	45,000	45,000	22,431	22,569	42,428
Membership Affiliations	75,800	75,800	9,581	66,219	4,589
General Liability Insuance	800,000	800,000	578,331	221,669	717,487
Fees and Taxes	721,300	721,300	601,227	120,073	485,356
Bad Debt Expense	250,000	250,000	41,072	208,928	87,252
Employee Benefits:					
Worker's Compensation	515,000	515,000	405,576	109,424	511,669
Hospitalization / Prescription	9,002,200	9,002,200	9,739,717	(737,517)	8,666,207
Group Life Insurance	10,300	10,300	1	10,300	1
Pension	3,034,680	3,034,680	3,049,023	(14,343)	2,563,292
Social Security / Medicare	1,481,100	1,481,100	1,365,167	115,933	1,513,844
Unemployment and Disability	•	•	22,427	(22,427)	9,015
Dental	108,000	108,000	121,180	(13,180)	91,555
Other	50,400	50,400	37,389	13,011	41,483
Professional Services:					
Auditing	50,000	50,000	44,950	5,050	43,850
Other	665,000	665,000	159,456	505,544	969'96
Sub-total Administrative	18,776,680	18,776,680	17,904,082	872,598	16,372,113
Sub-total Operating	79,710,310	79,710,310	77,657,060	2,053,250	66,664,116

### PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE AND COSTS FUNDED BY OPERATING REVENUE COMPARED TO BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Adopted Budget	FY 2022 Budget as Amended	Current Year Actual	Excess / (Deficit)	Prior Year Actual
Other Costs Funded by Operating Revenues: Debt Service:					
Interest Expense	3,573,325	3,573,325	2,862,322	711,003	3,105,319
Capital Leases Bond Principal	12,921,918	12,921,918	9,700,205	3,221,713	13,483,322
Sub-total Other Costs	16,495,243	16,495,243	12,636,245	3,858,998	16,660,955
Total Costs Funded by Operating Revenues	96,205,553	96,205,553	90,293,305	5,912,248	83,325,071
Add: Excess / (Deficit)	9,419,371	9,419,371	14,128,854	4,709,483	18,751,587
	105,624,924	105,624,924	104,422,159	1,202,765	102,076,658
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses:			14,128,854		18,751,587
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP: Depreciation Expense Amortization Expense			(11,660,873)		(12,276,670) (345,549)
Loss on Disposal of Asset Capital Leases			(153,155) 73,718		(289,763) $72,314$
Bond Principal Pension Adjustment			9,700,205 3,794,162		13,483,322 4,348,352
Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Emergency Protective Measures: Boil Advisory			(1,866,716)		(3,591,617)
Total Adjustments			20,070		(2,354,822)
Change in Net Position			14,148,924		16,396,765

### SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL BUDGET PROGRAM FUNDED BY FINANCING SOURCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Adopted Budget	FY 2022 Budget as Amended	Paid or Charged	Excess / (Deficit)
Financing Sources:				
Unrestricted Net Position Utilized	18,534,798	18,534,798	24,154,863	(5,620,065)
Debt Authorization	-	-	1,419,940	(1,419,940)
Other Sources	30,932,415	30,932,415		30,932,415
	49,467,213	49,467,213	25,574,803	23,892,410
Capital Outlays:				
Recurring Construction:				
Hydrant Replacement	3,870,000	3,870,000	83,418	3,786,582
Restoration Work Following Routine Maintenance	1,685,950	1,685,950	1,540,000	145,950
Emergency Services - Water Main Repairs	1,800,000	1,800,000	10,379,809	(8,579,809)
Maintenance of Capital Equipment	562,755	562,755	189,407	373,348
Vehicle Repair	1,175,000	1,175,000	207,156	967,844
Discrete Projects:				
New Street Reservoir	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
Screen House Renovation	179,468	179,468	-	179,468
Passaic River	300,000	300,000	-	300,000
Production and Pumping:				
Caustic System Rehab	384,500	384,500	383,675	825
Actiflo Clarification Process	350,000	350,000	349,162	838
Hydro-Turbine Generators	1,900,000	1,900,000	1,437,658	462,342
Residuals Treatment	750,000	750,000	555,000	195,000
Distribution:				
Water Main Replacement	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	-
Water Main & Lead Service Replacement	1,600,000	1,600,000	-	1,600,000
Meter Replacement	500,000	500,000	342,565	157,435
Open Finished Water Reservoirs	12,850,000	12,850,000	1,939,877	10,910,123
Route 46/3 NJDOT Contract 8	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Valley Road at Robinhood Rd.	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
6th Ave Main Replacement	200,000	200,000	200,000	-
Lead Service Replacements	8,400,000	8,400,000	1,419,940	6,980,060
Replacement of Kearny Multiples	250,000	250,000	201,425	48,575
Plant and General Structures:				
Main Pump Station, White House & Jackson Ave	140,000	140,000	140,000	-
Clifton Yard	494,750	494,750	61,013	433,737
New Prefabricated Building for Storage at Point View	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Re-Model Operator's Locker Room	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
LFTWP & Remote Sites	100,000	100,000	32,460	67,540
Transfer Pump Station	650,000	650,000	445,533	204,467
Electrical Upgrades	575,000	575,000	32,925	542,075
Great Falls Buildings	250,000	250,000	84,208	165,792
Nosenzo Pond PS	490,410	490,410	342,009	148,401

### SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL BUDGET PROGRAM FUNDED BY FINANCING SOURCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Adopted Budget	FY 2022 Budget as Amended	Paid or Charged	Excess / (Deficit)
Instrumentation, Controls and Information Technologies:				
Networking	1,271,000	1,271,000	1,270,001	999
SCADA	1,530,000	1,530,000	374,650	1,155,350
Fleet Vehicles	755,000	755,000	137,000	618,000
Clifton Admin & LFWTP - Document Management	55,000	55,000	54,274	726
Security System Upgrade	275,000	275,000	128,000	147,000
CMMS, Inventory & Financial Mgmt	1,750,000	1,750,000	32,763	1,717,237
GIS	250,000	250,000	-	250,000
Laboratory/Water Quality Systems	1,223,380	1,223,380	310,875	912,505
Total Capital Outlays	49,467,213	49,467,213	25,574,803	23,892,410
<b>Total Costs Funded by Capital Revenue</b>	49,467,213	49,467,213	25,574,803	23,892,410
Add: Excess				
	49,467,213	49,467,213	25,574,803	23,892,410

SCHEDULE 5
Page 1 of 7

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

Doggith	Date of	Interest	Outstandi Decemb	Outstanding Maturities  December 31, 2022	Balance	, Posses	Doctor	Balance
Description	anssi	Nate	Date	Amount	Jan. 1, 2022	nanssı	namaanau	Dec. 31, 2022
NJEIT Bonds (Series 2002A&B) Trust Portion (Refunded with Series 2007B)	10/15/2002				140,515		140,515	
NJEIT Bonds (Series 2002A&B) Trust Portion - CW (Refunded with Series 2007B)	10/15/2002				17,011		17,011	
Refunding Bonds (Series 2003)	12/15/2003				4,175,000		4,175,000	
NJEIT Bonds (Series 2007A&B) Trust Portion	11/9/2007	4.25% 4.50% 4.50% 4.50% 4.25%	2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	70,000.00 75,000.00 75,000.00 80,000.00 85,000.00	450,000		00039	385,000
NJEIT Bonds (Series 2007A&B) Fund Portion	11/9/2007	4.75%	2023	76,612.27	200,756		124,143	76,613

SCHEDULE 5
Page 2 of 7

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

	Date of	Interest	Outstandi	Outstanding Maturities December 31, 2022	Ralance			Ralance
Description	Issue	Rate	Date	Amount	Jan. 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	Dec. 31, 2022
Water Supply Revenue	12/15/2009	7.57%	2025	565,000.00				
Bonds (Series 2009B)		7.57%	2026	595,000.00				
		7.57%	2027	620,000.00				
		7.57%	2028	650,000.00				
		7.57%	2029	685,000.00				
		7.82%	2030	720,000.00				
		7.82%	2031	755,000.00				
		7.82%	2032	795,000.00				
		7.82%	2033	835,000.00				
		7.82%	2034	875,000.00				
		7.82%	2035	920,000.00				
		7.82%	2036	965,000.00				
		7.82%	2037	1,015,000.00				
		7.82%	2038	1,070,000.00				
		7.82%	2039	1,120,000.00				
					12,185,000			12,185,000
NJEIT Bonds (Series Fall 2010A)	10/5/2010							
rand rottion		6/4	2023	17 773 71				
		n/a	2024	72,723.21				
		n/a	2025	72,723.21				
		n/a	2026	72,723.21				
		n/a	2027	72,723.21				
		n/a	8707	4,439.71	2.00			700076
					6//,044		12,123	368,036

SCHEDULE 5
Page 3 of 7

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

	Date of	Interest	Outstandi Decemb	Outstanding Maturities December 31, 2022	Balance			Balance
Description	Issue	Rate	Date	Amount	Jan. 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	Dec. 31, 2022
NJEIT Bonds (Series 2010B) Trust Portion	12/2/2010							
		5.00%	2023	137,000.00				
		2.00%	2024	146,000.00				
		2.00%	2025	150,000.00				
		2.00%	2026	160,000.00				
		2.00%	2027	164,000.00				
		5.00%	2028	172,000.00				
		2.00%	2029	68,000.00				
					1,129,000		132,000	997,000
Water Supply Revenue	12/15/2014							
Bonds (Series 2014)		ì	2000	0000				
		2.00%	2023	995,000.00				
		2.00%	2024	1,045,000.00				
		2.00%	2025	1,095,000.00				
		2.00%	2026	1,150,000.00				
		3.13%	2027	1,210,000.00				
		3.25%	2028	1,245,000.00				
		2.00%	2029	1,290,000.00				
		3.38%	2030	1,350,000.00				
		3.35%	2031	1,400,000.00				
		2.00%	2032	1,445,000.00				
		3.63%	2033	1,520,000.00				
					14,700,000		955,000	13,745,000

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PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

	Date of	Interest	Outstandir Decembe	Outstanding Maturities December 31, 2022	Balance			Balance
Description	Issue	Rate	Date	Amount	Jan. 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	Dec. 31, 2022
Water Supply Refunding Bonds (Series 2015)	11/5/2015							
		5.00%	2023	730,000.00				
		5.00%	2024	755,000.00				
		5.00%	2025	800,000.00				
		4.00%	2026	845,000.00				
		3.00%	2027	495,000.00				
					4,800,000		1,175,000	3,625,000

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

	Date of	Interest	Outstandi Decemb	Outstanding Maturities December 31, 2022	Balance			Balance
Description	Issue	Rate	Date	Amount	Jan. 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	Dec. 31, 2022
NJDEP Bonds (Series 2017) Fund Portion Project 1605002-025A	6/19/2017 5A							
		n/a	2023	69,393.39				
		n/a	2024	69,393.39				
		n/a	2025	69,393.39				
		n/a	2026	69,393.39				
		n/a	2027	69,393.39				
		n/a	2028	69,393.39				
		n/a	2029	69,393.39				
		n/a	2030	69,393.39				
		n/a	2031	69,393.39				
		n/a	2032	69,393.39				
		n/a	2033	69,393.39				
		n/a	2034	69,393.39				
		n/a	2035	69,393.39				
		n/a	2036	69,393.39				
		n/a	2037	69,393.39				
		n/a	2038	69,393.39				
		n/a	2039	69,393.39				
		n/a	2040	69,393.39				
		n/a	2041	69,393.39				
		n/a	2042	69,393.39				
		n/a	2043	69,393.39				
		n/a	2044	69,393.39				
		n/a	2045	69,393.39				
		n/a	2046	69,393.60				
					1,734,835		69,395	1,665,440

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

	Date of	Interest	Outstandi	Outstanding Maturities	Rolonco			Rolonco
Description	Issue	Rate	Date	Amount	Jan. 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	Dec. 31, 2022
NJDEP Bonds (Series 2017) Fund Portion Project 1605002-025B	6/19/2017 025B							
7		n/a	2023	789,417.79				
		n/a	2024	789,417.79				
		n/a	2025	789,417.79				
		n/a	2026	789,417.79				
		n/a	2027	789,417.79				
		n/a	2028	789,417.79				
		n/a	2029	789,417.79				
		n/a	2030	789,417.79				
		n/a	2031	789,417.79				
		n/a	2032	789,417.79				
		n/a	2033	789,417.79				
		n/a	2034	789,417.79				
		n/a	2035	789,417.79				
		n/a	2036	789,417.79				
		n/a	2037	789,417.79				
		n/a	2038	789,417.79				
		n/a	2039	789,417.79				
		n/a	2040	789,417.79				
		n/a	2041	789,417.79				
		n/a	2042	789,417.79				
		n/a	2043	789,417.79				
		n/a	2044	789,417.79				
		n/a	2045	789,417.79				
		n/a	2046	789,417.93				
					19,735,444		789,418	18,946,026

SCHEDULE 5
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PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

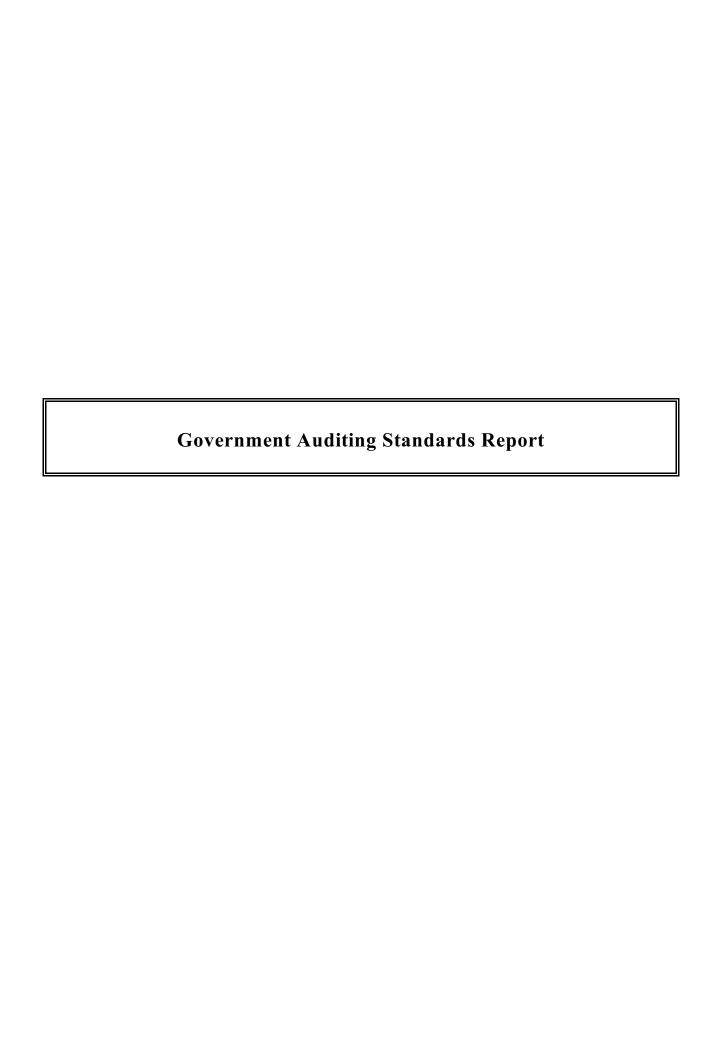
	Date of	Interest	Outstandi Decemb	Outstanding Maturities December 31, 2022	Balance			Balance
Description	Issue	Rate	Date	Amount	Jan. 1, 2022	Issued	Redeemed	Dec. 31, 2022
Water Supply Refunding Bonds (Series 2017A)	9/27/2017							
		5.00%	2023	490,000.00				
			- 1 5		1,475,000		470,000	1,005,000
Water Supply Refunding Bonds (Series 2017B)	9/27/2017							
		2.42%	2023	1,555,000.00				
		2.62%	2024	1,590,000.00				
		2.74%	2025	1,630,000.00				
		2.84%	2026	1,675,000.00				
		2.94%	2027	1,720,000.00				
		3.04%	2028	1,775,000.00				
		3.14%	2029	1,825,000.00				
					13,285,000		1,515,000	11,770,000
					74,468,340		9,700,205	64,768,135
Current Portion					9,700,205			4,985,147
Noncurrent Portion					64,768,135			59,782,988
					74,468,340			64,768,135

### ROSTER OF OFFICIALS AND REPORT ON SURETY BONDS

The following officials were in office at December 31, 2022:

<u>Name</u>		Office
Rigoberto Sanchez	Passaic	President
Gerald Friend	Clifton	Vice President
Carmen DePadua	Paterson	Treasurer
Ruby Cotton	Paterson	Secretary
Joseph Kolodziej	Clifton	Commissioner
Jeffrey Levine	Paterson	Commissioner
Ronald Van Rensalier	Passaic	Commissioner
Patrick Porcaro, Jr.		Director of Engineering
Yitzchak Weiss		Chief Financial Officer
James J. Gallagher		Director of Personnel
George T. Hanley, Esq.		General Counsel
Louis Amodio		Administrative Secretary

All members and employees are covered by insurance policies provided through the New Jersey Utility Authorities Joint Insurance Fund.





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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission 1525 Main Avenue Clifton, New Jersey 07011

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Passaic Valley Water Commission, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2024.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit on the financial statements, we considered the Passaic Valley Water Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Passaic Valley Water Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Passaic Valley Water Commission's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency.



Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission Page 2.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a significant deficiency (Finding 2022-1 and 2022-02).

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Passaic Valley Water Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

NAME OF THE COLUMN AND A LICE

Wielkotz & Company, XXC

WIELKOTZ & COMPANY, LLC Certified Public Accountants Pompton Lakes, New Jersey

January 18, 2024







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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission 1525 Main Avenue Clifton, New Jersey 07011

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Passaic Valley Water Commission's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Passaic Valley Water Commission's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Passaic Valley Water Commission's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Passaic Valley Water Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.



Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission Page 2.

We are required to be independent of Passaic Valley Water Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Passaic Valley Water Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Passaic Valley Water Commission's federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Passaic Valley Water Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Passaic Valley Water Commission's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Passaic Valley Water Commission's
  compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
  procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission Page 3.

 Obtain an understanding of Passaic Valley Water Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Passaic Valley Water Commission's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance with respect to these matters.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Honorable Chairman and Members of the Passaic Valley Water Commission Page 4.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wielkotz + Company, LXC

WIELKOTZ & COMPANY, LLC Certified Public Accountants Pompton Lakes, New Jersey

January 18, 2024



PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Cumulative	Grant	Expenditures		17,874,242					1,919,884	953,145	27,229,093
	Grant	Expenditures		345,561	125,312				•	953,145	1,424,018
	Prior	Years		17,528,681	6,356,510				1,919,884	•	25,805,075
	t Period	To		12/31/22	12/31/22				12/31/22	12/31/22	
	Grant Period	From		01/01/22	01/01/22				01/01/22	01/01/22	
	Grant	Receipts		345,561	125,312				715,018	953,145	2,139,036
	Grant	Award		\$ 21,840,559	\$ 7,920,148				1,919,884	28,755,543	
	State Agency	Account Number	Grants:	042-4840-707-044	042-4840-707-044				N/A	N/A	
	CFDA	Number	ntal Protection rant Disaster Recovery	14.269	14.269		ntal Protection	lving Fund:	66.468	66.468	
	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Grantor/Program Title/Cluster	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:  Pass Through New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection  Hurricane Sandy Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Grants.	Project No: 1605002-25B	Project No: 1605002-25B - Prin. Forgiveness	II C Fractionmondel Buckerding Assume	O.S. Environmental Frotection Agency: Pass Through New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection	Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Fund:	Project No: 1605002-25A	Project No: 1605002-002 (LSLF)	Total Federal Financial Assistance

PASSAIC VALLEY WATER COMMISSION

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

**DECEMBER 31, 2022** 

							Cumulative
	State	Grant	Grant	Grant	Period	Grant	Grant
State Funding Department	Account Number	Award	Receipts	From	From To	Expenditures	Expenditures
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection:							
Project W1605002-002 (LSLR)	N/A	\$ 8,478,101	281,796	01/01/22	12/31/22	281,796	281,796
Total State Financial Assistance			281,796			281,796	281,796

This schedule is being generated for management purposes only and is not required by NJ OMB Circular 15-08.

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards present the activity of all federal and state award programs of the Passaic Valley Water Commission. The Commission is defined in Note 1 to the Commission's basic financial statements.

### **NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Notes 2(A) to the Commission's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.

### NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Awards and financial assistance are reported in the Commission's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

	NJ Environmenta	NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust	
	New Jersey	New Jersey	
	Environmental	Environmental	
	<u>Trust</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance - 12/31/21	\$5,875,516	\$715,018	\$6,590,534
Grants Awarded	8,496,718	28,736,926	37,233,644
Less: Grants Received	752,669	1,668,163	2,420,832
Balance - 12/31/22	<u>\$13,619,565</u>	<u>\$27,783,781</u>	<u>\$41,403,346</u>

### NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

### NOTE 5. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Passaic Valley Water Commission has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:		
<ol> <li>Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ol>	Xyes	none reported
2. Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xnone
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?	yes	no
Federal Awards		
Internal Control over major programs:		
1. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	X none reported
2. Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	programs:	unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200 Section .510(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	yes	Xno
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number(s) Nam	ne of Federal Prog	ram or Cluster
66.468 <u>Capitalization</u>	n Grants for Drinking V	Water State Revolving Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and	I type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	ves	X no

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

### **FINDING 2022-01**

### STATEMENT OF CONDITION

Capital expenditures were made in excess of budgetary capital line item.

### **CRITERIA**

N.J.A.C. 5:31-2.2 state that no Authority shall make appropriations, authorize expenditures or adopt a security agreement for a capital project unless its provisions are in agreement with the adopted capital budget, temporary capital budget or amended capital budget.

### **EFFECT**

The Authority has not complied with the N.J.A.C. 5:31-2.2.

### **CAUSE**

The capital expenditures discussed in this finding were originally budgeted but needed to be amended. Management did not realize an amendment was required to the current year capital budget to include these items.

### RECOMMENDATION

A resolution amending the capital budget should be made prior to capital expenditure.

### **MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE**

Management acknowledges the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:31 and will amend their capital budget accordingly in future periods.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

### **FINDING 2022-02**

### STATEMENT OF CONDITION

Evidence of failure to perform tasks that are part of internal control, such as updating the approved billing rate for fire lines in a timely manner.

### **CRITERIA**

All fire line billing should include the current approved rates.

### **EFFECT**

The Commission had an immaterial loss of fire line revenue due to this billing error.

### **CAUSE**

The system was not updated with the correct rates prior to billing.

### RECOMMENDATION

The Commission should review the billing system to ensure all rates are updated to the approved rates.

### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE

Management acknowledges the problem and will address it in the following year.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (continued)

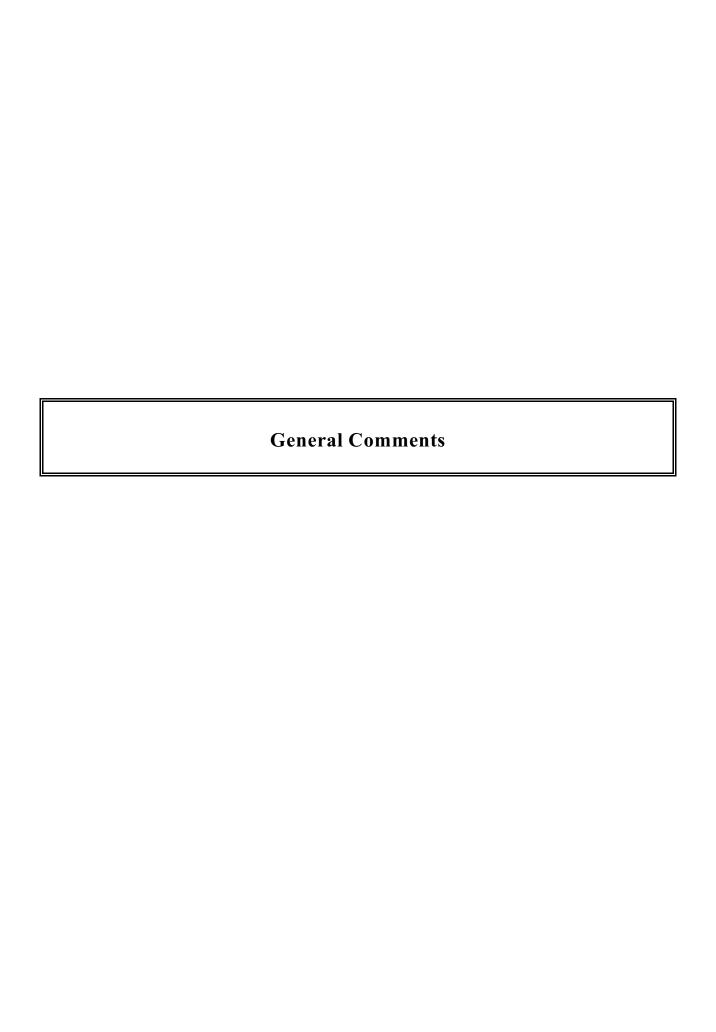
Section III - Federal Awards Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **Status of Prior Year Findings**

A review was performed on all prior year audit findings and corrective action was taken.



### **GENERAL COMMENTS**

### Contracts and Agreements Required to be Advertised Per N.J.S. 40A:11-3

N.J.S.A. 40A:11-2 contains definitions for terms used throughout N.J.S.A. 40A:11-1 et seq. and was amended under P.L. 1999, c.440. It includes as subsection (23) the term 'competitive contracting', which is defined as "the method described in sections 1 through 5 of P.L. 1999, c.440 (C.40:11-4.1 through C.40A:11-4.5) of contracting for specialized goods and services in which formal proposals are solicited from vendors, formal proposals are evaluated by the purchasing agent or counsel; and the governing body awards a contract to a vendor or vendors from among the formal proposals received."

N.J.S.A. 40A:11-3 was amended with P.L. 1999, c.440 to raise the bid threshold and require award by governing body resolution. "When the cost or price of any contract awarded by the purchasing agent in the aggregate does not exceed in a contract year the sum of \$44,000, the contract may be awarded by a purchasing agent when so authorized by ordinance or resolution as appropriate to the contracting unit, of the governing body of the contracting unit without public advertising for bids and bidding therefore, except that the governing body may adopt an ordinance or resolution to set a lower threshold for the receipt of public bids or the solicitation of competitive quotations."

N.J.S.A. 40A:11-15 was amended with P.L. 1999, c.440 to extend the base contract period. "Any contract made pursuant to this section may be awarded for a period of 24 consecutive months, except that contracts for professional services pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of N.J.S.A. 40A:11-5 may be awarded for a period not exceeding 12 consecutive months.

The governing body of the Commission has the responsibility of determining whether the expenditures in any category will exceed the statutory threshold within the contract year. Where question arises as to whether any contract or agreement might result in violation of the statute, the opinion of the Commission's attorney should be sought before a commitment is made.

Inasmuch as the system of records did not provide for an accumulation of payments for categories for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies, the results of such an accumulation could not reasonably be ascertained. Disbursements were reviewed, however, to determine whether any clear-cut violations existed. No violations were discovered.

Our examination of expenditures revealed no individual payment, contract or agreement "for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies" in excess of the statutory thresholds where bids had not been previously sought by public advertisement or where a resolution had previously been adopted under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 40A:11-6.

Our review of the Commission's minutes indicated that resolutions were adopted authorizing the awarding of contracts or agreements for "Professional Services" per N.J.S.A. 40A:11-5.

### **GENERAL COMMENTS, CONTINUED**

A review was performed on all prior year recommendations and corrective action was taken on all items, except those noted with an asterisk "\*".

Problems and weaknesses noted in our review were not of such magnitude that they would affect our ability to express an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Should any questions arise as to our comments or recommendations, or should you desire assistance in implementing our recommendations, do not hesitate to call us.

We wish to thank Passaic Valley Water Commission for their cooperation during the performance of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Wielkotz + Company, XXC

WIELKOTZ & COMPANY, LLC Certified Public Accountants